

# TEST REPORT Engineering recommendation G98/1

Requirements for the connection of Fully Type Tested Microgenerators (up to and including 16 A per phase) in parallel with public Low Voltage Distribution Networks.

Report reference number .....: PVUK2102WDG0105

Date of issue ...... 2021-03-30

Total number of pages...... 87

Testing laboratory name .....: Bureau Veritas Shenzhen Co., Ltd. Dongguan Branch

Guangdong Province, 523942, People's Republic of China

Accreditation .....:





Applicant's name .....: Shenzhen SOFARSOLAR Co., Ltd.

Community, XinAn Street, BaoAn District, Shenzhen, China

**Test specification** 

Standard..... : G98/1-4:2019

Test Report Form No. ...... G98/1 VER.2

TRF Originator ......: Bureau Veritas Shenzhen Co., Ltd. Dongguan Branch

Master TRF ...... Dated 2020-03-07

Test item description...... AC-Coupled Storage Inverter

Trademark ...... 5 FAR

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Ratings:	ME 5KTL-3PH	ME 6KTL-3PH
Battery type:	Li-ion & Lead-acid	
Full load battery voltage range [V]:	200-800	240-800
Battery voltage range[V]:	180-8	300
Battery current [A]:	Max. 2	25,0
Output AC voltage [V]:	3/N/PE, 230	/400,50Hz
Output AC current [A]	8,0	10,0
Output power [VA]:	Max. 5500	Max. 6600
	·	
Ratings:	ME 8KTL-3PH	ME 10KTL-3PH
Pottony typo	Li-ion & Lead-acid	
Battery type:	Li-ion & Le	ead-acid
Full load battery voltage range [V]:	Li-ion & Le 320-800	ead-acid 200-800
		200-800
Full load battery voltage range [V]:	320-800	200-800
Full load battery voltage range [V]:  Battery voltage range[V]	320-800	200-800 800 Max. 25,0 x 2
Full load battery voltage range [V]:  Battery voltage range[V]:  Battery current [A]	320-800 180-8 Max. 25,0	200-800 800 Max. 25,0 x 2



Report No.: PVUK2102WDG0105

Testing Location .....: Bureau Veritas Shenzhen Co., Ltd. Dongguan Branch

Address ......: No. 96, Guantai Road (Houjie Section), Houjie Town, Dongguan City,

Guangdong Province, 523942, People's Republic of China

Tested by

(name and signature).....: Lukes Lin

Lukes Liii

Approved by

(name and signature).....: James Huang

Jukes

Manufacturer's name.....: Shenzhen SOFARSOLAR Co., Ltd.

Community, XinAn Street, BaoAn District, Shenzhen, China

Factory's name 1.....: Dongguan SOFAR SOLAR Co.,Ltd

Village, Fenggang Town, Dongguan City

<b>Document His</b>	Document History			
Date	Internal reference	Modification / Change / Status	Revision	
2021-03-30	Lukes Lin	Initial report was written	0	
Supplementary	Supplementary information:			

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# Test items particulars

Equipment mobility.....: Permanent connection

Operating condition .....: Continuous

Class of equipment ....: Class I

Protection against ingress of water..: IP65 according to EN 60529

Mass of equipment [kg]...... Approx. 34,0kg (ME 10KTL-3PH)

Approx. 30,0kg (ME 8KTL-3PH, ME 6KTL-3PH, ME 5KTL-3PH)

#### **Test case verdicts**

Test case does not apply

to the test object.....: N/A

Test item does meet

the requirement.....: P(ass)

Test item does not meet

the requirement.....: F(ail)

#### **Testing**

Date of receipt of test item .....: 2021-02-20

Date(s) of performance of test ...... 2021-02-20 to 2021-03-30

#### **General remarks:**

The test result presented in this report relate only to the object(s) tested. The report shall state compliance of the tested objects with the requirements of G98/1. This report must not be reproduced in part or in full without the written approval of the issuing testing laboratory.

"(see Annex #)" refers to additional information appended to the report.

"(see appended table)" refers to a table appended to the report.

Throughout this report a comma is used as the decimal separator.

# This Test Report consists of the following documents:

- 1. Test Results
- 2. Annex No. 1 Pictures of the unit
- 3. Annex No. 2 Test equipment list



# Copy of marking plate



AC-Coupled Storage Inverter

Model No:	ME 10KTL-3PH
Battery Type	Li-lon
Battery Voltage Range	180~800V
Battery Max. Charging Current	25/25A
Battery Max. Discharging Current	25/25A
Nominal Grid/Back-up Voltage	3/N/PE, 380/400V
Nominal Grid/Back-up Frequence	y 50/60Hz
Max. Current Output to Grid	16A
Max. Power Output to Grid	11000VA
Max. Current from Grid	29A
Max. Power from Grid	20000VA
Back-up Max. Output Current	16A
Back-up Max. Output Power	11000VA
Power Factor	1(adjustable+/-0.8)
Operating Temperature Range	-30~+60°C
Ingress Protection	IP65
Protective Class	Class I
Inverter Topology	Non-isolated
Overvoltage Category	AC III, DC II

Manufacturer: Shenzhen SOFARSOLAR Co., Ltd. Address: 401, Building 4, AnTongDa Industrial Park, District 68, XingDong Community, XinAn Street, BaoAn District, Shenzhen, China

VDE0126-1-1.VDE-AR-N4105 G98, G99, EN50549, AS4777, UTE C15-712-1



















AC-Coupled Storage Inverter ME 8KTL-3PH Model No:

Battery Type	Li-lon
Battery Voltage Range	180~800V
Battery Max. Charging Current	25A
Battery Max. Discharging Curren	t 25A
Nominal Grid/Back-up Voltage	3/N/PE, 380/400V
Nominal Grid/Back-up Freque	ncy 50/60Hz
Max. Current Output to Grid	13A
Max. Power Output to Grid	8800VA
Max. Current from Grid	24A
Max. Power from Grid	16000VA
Back-up Max. Output Current	13A
Back-up Max. Output Power	8800VA
Power Factor	1(adjustable+/-0.8)
Operating Temperature Range	-30~+60°C
Ingress Protection	IP65
Protective Class	Class I
Inverter Topology	Non-isolated
Overvoltage Category	AC III, DC II

Manufacturer: Shenzhen SOFARSOLAR Co., Ltd. Address: 401, Building 4, AnTongDa Industrial Park, District 68, XingDong Community,XinAn Street, BaoAn District, Shenzhen, China

VDE0126-1-1,VDE-AR-N4105 G98,G99,EN50549,AS4777,UTE C15-712-1

















AC-Coupled Storage Inverter

ME 6KTL-3PH Model No:

Model No:	ME OKIL-3PH
Battery Type	Li-lor
Battery Voltage Range	180~800V
Battery Max. Charging Curren	t 25A
Battery Max. Discharging Curr	rent 25A
Nominal Grid/Back-up Volta	ge 3/N/PE, 380/400V
Nominal Grid/Back-up Frequ	uency 50/60Hz
Max. Current Output to Grid	10A
Max. Power Output to Grid	6600VA
Max. Current from Grid	17A
Max. Power from Grid	12000VA
Back-up Max. Output Currer	nt 10A
Back-up Max. Output Power	6600VA
Power Factor	1(adjustable+/-0.8)
Operating Temperature Ran	ge -30~+60°C
Ingress Protection	IP65
Protective Class	Class
Inverter Topology	Non-isolated
Overvoltage Category	AC III, DC II

Address: 401, Building 4, AnTongDa Industrial Park, District 68, XingDong Community, XinAn Street, BaoAn District, Shenzhen, China

VDE0126-1-1,VDE-AR-N4105 G98,G99,EN50549,AS4777,UTE C15-712-1























#### General product information:

The AC-Coupled Storage Inverter converts DC voltage into AC voltage.

The DC input of AC-Coupled Storage Inverter can be supplied from Batteries.

The charging current to batteries from AC grid, and the battery management unit is integrated in External Energy storage.

The inverter is a three-phase type and only one machine is allowed on each line conductor.

The Solar converter is a single-phase type and only one machine use connected to pre each phase.

The unit is providing EMC filtering at the output toward mains. The unit does not provide galvanic separation from input to output (transformerless). The output is switched off redundant by the high power switching bridge and two relays. This assures that the opening of the output circuit will also operate in case of one error.

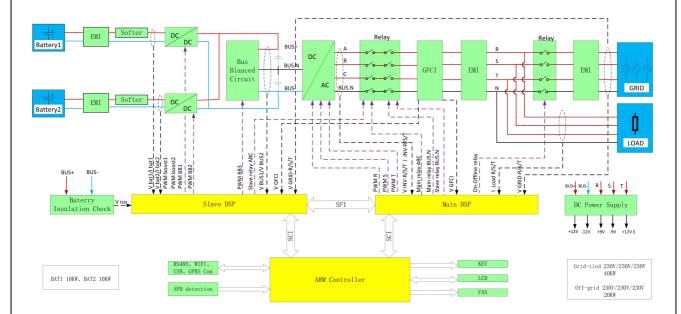


Figure 1 - Block diagram

The internal control is redundant built. It consists of Main MCU(U37) and slave MCU(U39).

The Main MCU(U37) can control the relays, measures voltage, and frequency, AC current with injected DC, insulation resistance and residual current, In addition it tests the array insulation resistance and the RCMU circuit before each start up.

The slave MCU (U39) is using for controlling the relays, measuring the voltage, frequency, inject a dc AC current, the residual current, and communicating with the Main MCU (U37). And if the communicating with the Main MCU, the slave MCU will disconnect the relays.

The unit provides two relays in series on Line and Neutral conductors. When single-fault applied to one relay, alarm an error code in display panel, another redundant relay provides basic insulation maintained between the PV array and the mains. All the relays are tested before start up. Both controllers Main MCU(U37), Slave MCU(U39) can open the relays.



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#### Model difference:

The models ME 5KTL-3PH, ME 6KTL-3PH, ME 8KTL-3PH, ME 10KTL-3PH are completely identical and output power derated by software, except for the following table.

	ME 5KTL-3PH	ME 6KTL-3PH	ME 8KTL-3PH	ME 10KTL-3PH
INV inductor	2,0 mH		1,12 mH	
Fan	Without			With

was tested on: Hardware: V002 Software: V000001

All tests were performed on ME 10KTL-3PH and ME 5KTL-3PH are valid for the ME 6KTL-3PH, ME 8KTL-3PH since it's use the identical hardware and software construction except output power derated by software.



Engineering recommendation G98/1-4				
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict	
5	Connection Procedure			
5.1	Single Premises Connection Procedure			
5.1.1	In most instances the installation of Microgenerating Plant, the aggregate Registered Capacity of which is no greater than 16 A per phase, connected in parallel with the public Low Voltage Distribution Network, will have negligible impact on the operation of the public Low Voltage Distribution Network; as such there will be no need for the DNO to carry out detailed network studies to assess the impact of the connection. As required by the ESQCR Certificate of Exemption (2008) the Installer shall provide the DNO with all necessary information on the installation no later than 28 days after the Micro-generating Plant has been commissioned; the format and content shall be as shown in Appendix 3 Form B Installation Document.	Rely in the responsibility of the installer.		
5.1.2	This procedure will not apply where an Installer plans (within the next 28 days) or has already installed (in the previous 28 days) other Micro-generating Plants in a Close Geographic Region; in this case the procedure in 5.2 shall be followed. Failure to comply with this requirement may lead to the disconnection of the Micro-generating Plant under ESQCR (26) or failure of the Micro-generating Plant to operate as intended.	Rely in the responsibility of the installer.	of N/A	
5.2	Multiple Premises Connection Procedure		N/A	
5.2.1	In the case of projects where the proposal is to install single or multiple Microgenerators in a number of Customer Installations in a Close Geographic Region, the Installer shall discuss the installation project with the local DNO at the earliest opportunity. The DNO will need to assess the impact that these connections may have on the Distribution Network and specify conditions for connection. The initial application will need to be in a format similar to that shown in Appendix 3 Form A. Connection of the Micro-generator is only allowed after the application for connection has been approved by the DNO and any DNO works facilitating the connection have been completed. Confirmation of the commissioning of each Micro-generator will	The required wiring for the SSEG is stated in the manual.  The installation relies in the responsibility of the installer.		

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	Engineering recomme	endation G98/1-4	
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	need to be made no later than 28 days after commissioning; the format and content shall be as shown in Appendix 3 Form B Installation Document.		
5.3	General		N/A
5.3.1	It is the responsibility of the Installer to ensure that the relevant information as specified in this section and in section 6 is forwarded to the local DNO as appropriate. The pro formas in Appendix 3 are designed to:	The installation relies in the responsibility of the installer.	N/A
	a) simplify the connection procedure for both DNO and Micro-generator Installer;		
	b) provide the DNO with all the information required to assess the potential impact of the Micro-generator connection on the operation of the Distribution Network;		
	c) inform the DNO that the Micro-generator installation complies with the requirements of this EREC G98; and		
	d) allow the DNO to accurately record the location of all Micro-generators connected to the Distribution Network.		
6	Certification Requirements		
6.1	Type Test Certification	T	Р
6.1.1	Type Tested certification is the responsibility of the Manufacturer. The Manufacturer shall make available upon request a Type Test Verification Report confirming that the Micro-generator has been tested to satisfy the requirements of this EREC G98. The report shall detail the type and model of Micro-generator tested, the test conditions and results recorded. All of these details shall be included in a Type Test Verification Report. The required verification report and declaration are shown in Appendix 3 Form C. It is intended that Manufacturers of Micro-generators will use the requirements of this EREC G98 to develop type verification certification for each of their Micro-generator models.	Considered	P
6.1.2	Manufacturers of a Fully Type Tested Micro-generator should allocate a Manufacturer's reference number with the required details of the Micro-generator with the Energy Networks Association Type Test Verification Report Register.	Considered	P



	Engineering recommendation G98/1-4				
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict		
6.2	Compliance		Р		
6.2.1	Compliance with the requirements detailed in this EREC G98 will ensure that the Micro-generator(s) is considered to be approved for connection to the DNO's Distribution Network.	Considered	P		
6.2.2	The Micro-generator(s) shall conform to all relevant European Directives and should be labelled with a CE marking.	Considered	P		
7	Operation and Safety				
7.1	Operational Requirements		Р		
7.1.1	Compliance with this EREC G98 in respect of the design, installation, operation and maintenance of a Micro-generating Plant, will ensure that the Customer is discharging their legal obligations under ESQCR 22(1)(a) and the EU Network Code on Requirements for Grid Connection of Generators.	The inverter is tested according the relevant requirements.  The operational requirements in all cases rely in the responsibility of the user.	P		
7.2	Isolation		Р		
7.2.1	The Micro-generator(s) shall be connected via an accessible isolation switch that is capable of isolating all phases and neutral. The isolation switch shall be capable of being secured in the 'off' (isolated) position.		P		
7.3	Labelling		Р		
7.3.1	Labelling shall be placed in accordance with EN 50438. It should be noted that the warning label does not imply a right on the Customer, Installer or maintainer to operate (remove / replace) the DNO's cut-out fuse and a note to this effect should be included on the warning label.	The required labelling is stated in the manual of the SSEG.  The installation relies in the responsibility of the installer.	P		
7.3.2	In addition to the warning label, this EREC G98 requires the following, up to date, information to be displayed at the Connection Point with the DNO's Distribution Network.  a) A circuit diagram relevant to the installation showing the circuit wiring, including all protective devices, between the Micro-generator and the DNO's fused cut-out. This diagram should also show by whom all apparatus is owned and maintained; and b) A summary of the Interface Protection settings incorporated within the Micro-	The required labelling is stated in the manual of the SSEG.  The installation relies in the responsibility of the installer.	P		



Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	generator.		
7.3.3	Figure 1 shows an outline example of the type of circuit diagram that will need to be displayed. Figure 1 is non-prescriptive and is for illustrative purposes only.  Customer's Installation  Customer's Installation  Feed in Tariff Localizer Unit	The required labelling is stated in the manual of the SSEG. The installation relies in the responsibility of the installer.	P
7.3.4	The Installer shall advise the Customer that it is the Customer's responsibility to ensure that this safety information is kept up to date. The installation operating instructions shall contain the Manufacturer's contact details eg name, telephone number and web address.	See user manual	P
7.4	Maintenance & Routine Testing		Р
7.4.1	Periodic testing of the Micro-generator is recommended at intervals prescribed by the Manufacturer. This information shall be included in the installation and user instructions. The method of testing and/or servicing should be included in the servicing instructions.	See user manual	Р
7.5	Phase Unbalance		Р
7.5.1	There is no requirement to balance phases on installations below or equal to 16 A per phase.	Less than 16A per phase	N/A
7.5.2	For multiple installations of Microgenerators (eg new housing developments), balancing the Microgenerators evenly against the load on the three phases will need to be considered by the DNO. The DNO will advise the Installer of any phase balancing requirements.	See user manual	P
7.6	Voltage Management Units		Р
7.6.1	If a Voltage Management Unit is installed in a Customer's Installation between the Connection Point and the Micro-generator, it may result in the voltage at the Microgenerator side of the Voltage Management	Considered.	Р

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	Engineering recomm	endation G98/1-4	
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	Unit remaining within the limits of the protection settings defined in Table 2 while the voltage at the Connection Point side of the unit might be outside the limits of the protection settings. This would negate the effect of the protection settings. Therefore, this connection arrangement is not acceptable and all Micro-generators connected to the DNO's LV Distribution Network under this EREC G98 shall be made on the Connection Point side of any Voltage Management Unit installed in a Customers' Installation.		
8	Commissioning, Notification and Decomm	missioning	
8.1	General	<b>-</b>	N/A
8.1.1	The installation shall be carried out by Installers who are competent and have sufficient skills and training (complete with recognised and approved qualifications relating to the fuels used and general electrical installations) to apply safe methods of work to install a Microgenerator in compliance with this EREC G98.  Notwithstanding the requirements of this EREC G98, the installation will be carried out to no lower a standard than that required in the Manufacturer's installation	Rely in the responsibility of the installer.	N/A
8.2	instructions.  Commissioning		N/A
8.2.1	No parameter relating to the electrical connection and subject to type verification certification shall be modified unless previously agreed in writing between the DNO and the Customer or their agent. Customer access to such parameters shall be prevented.	Rely in the responsibility of the installer.	N/A N/A
8.2.2	As part of the on-site commissioning tests the Installer shall carry out a functional check of the loss of mains protection, for example by removing the supply to the Micro-generator during operation and checking that the Interface Protection operates to disconnect the Micro-generator from the DNO's Distribution Network. For three phase installations this test can be achieved by opening a three phase circuit breaker or isolator and confirming that the Micro-generator has shut down. Testing for the loss of a single phase is covered in the	Rely in the responsibility of the installer.	N/A

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	type testing of Inverters, see section 10.2.		
8.3	Notification of Commissioning		N/A
8.3.1	In accordance with ESQCR and the HSE Certificate of Exemption (2008) (see Appendix 4) the Installer shall ensure that the DNO is advised of the intention to use the Micro-generator in parallel with the Distribution Network no later than 28 days (inclusive of the day of commissioning) after commissioning the Micro-generator. Notification that the Micro-generator has been commissioned is achieved by completing an Installation Document as per Appendix 3 Form B (Installation Document), which also includes the relevant details on the Micro-generator installation required by the DNO.	Rely in the responsibility of the installer.	N/A
8.3.2	The Installer shall supply separate Installation Documents for each premises in which Micro-generators are installed under EREC G98. Documentation may be submitted via an agent acting on behalf of the Installer and may be submitted electronically.	Rely in the responsibility of the installer.	N/A
8.4	Notification of Changes		N/A
8.4.1	If a Micro-generator requires modification the Manufacturer must re-submit the Type Test Verification Report prior to the modification being made and the Microgenerator being recommissioned.	Rely in the responsibility of the installer.	N/A
8.4.2	The DNO shall be notified of any operational incidents or failures of a Microgenerator that affect its compliance with this EREC G98, without undue delay, after the occurrence of those incidents.	Rely in the responsibility of the installer.	N/A
8.4.3	The DNO shall have the right to request that the Customer arrange to have compliance tests undertaken after any failure, modification or replacement of any equipment that may have an impact on the Micro-generator's compliance with this EREC G98.	Rely in the responsibility of the installer.	N/A
8.5	Notification of Decommissioning		N/A
8.5.1	The Customer shall notify the DNO about the permanent decommissioning of a Micro-generator by providing the information as detailed under Appendix 3 Form D. Documentation may be submitted by an agent acting on behalf of the Customer and may be submitted	Rely in the responsibility of the installer.	N/A

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	E	ngineering recomm	endation G98/1-4	
Clause	Requirement – Test		Result – Remark	Verdict
	electronically.			
9	General Technical F	equirements		
9.1	Frequency withstan	d		Р
9.1.1	ranges and time period 1 unless disconnection rate-of-change-of-free mains protection.  Table 1 – Minimum time a Micro-generator has operating within differ	to the Distribution g within the frequency ods specified in Table on was triggered by quency-type loss of me periods for which is to be capable of ent frequency ranges	Considered	P
	without disconnecting Network			
	47.0 Hz – 47.5 Hz	20 seconds		
	47.5 Hz – 48.5 Hz	90 minutes		
	48.5 Hz -49.0 Hz	90 minutes		
	49.0 Hz – 51.0 Hz 51.0 Hz – 51.5 Hz	Unlimited 90 minutes		
	51.5 Hz – 52.0 Hz	15 minutes		
9.2	Rate of Change of F	requency	T	Р
9.2.1	With regard to the rat frequency withstand or generator shall be cal connected to the Dist operate at rates of chito 1.0 Hzs-1 measure	capability, a Micro- cable of staying ribution Network and ange of frequency up	Considered	P
9.3	Limited Frequency S	Sensitive Mode – Over	frequency	Р
9.3.1	activating the provision Frequency Response	rerfrequency (LFSM- or shall be capable of on of Active Power according to EN fic standard frequency 4 Hz; the Droop No intentional delay ed to ensure that the	Considered	P
9.3.2	power with rising freq	will continue to reduce uency with a Droop of which point the Microonnect.	Considered	Р



	Engineering recommendation G98/1-4				
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict		
9.4	Active Power Output		Р		
9.4.1	The Micro-generator shall be capable of maintaining constant output at its Registered Capacity regardless of changes in frequency, except where the output follows the changes defined in the context of paragraphs 9.3.1 and 9.4.2.	Considered	P		
9.4.2	The Micro-generator shall be capable of maintaining constant output at its Registered Capacity regardless of changes in frequency in the range 49.5 – 50.4 Hz. Below 49.5 Hz, the power output should not drop by more than pro-rata with frequency, ie the maximum permitted requirement is 100% power at 49.5 Hz falling linearly to 95% power at 47.0 Hz as illustrated in Figure 2.  47.0 Frequency  49.5 50.5 100% of Active Power output  95% of Active Power output  Figure 2 – Change in output power with falling frequency	Considered	P		
9.4.3	The Micro-generator shall be equipped with a logic interface (input port) in order to cease Active Power output within 5 s following an instruction being received from the DNO at the input port. By default the logic interface will take the form of a simple binary output that can be operated by a simple switch or contactor. When the switch is closed the Micro-generator can operate normally. When the switch is opened the Micro-generator will reduce its Active Power to zero within 5 s. The signal from the Micro-generator that is being switched can be either AC (maximum value 240 V) or DC (maximum value 110 V). The DNO may specify any additional requirements particularly regarding remote operation of this facility.	Considered	P		
9.5	Power Factor	1	Р		
9.5.1	The power factor capability of the Microgenerator shall conform to EN 50438. When operating at Registered Capacity the Micro-generator shall operate at a power factor within the range 0.95 lagging to 0.95	Considered	Р		



	Engineering recommendation G98/1-4				
Clause	Requirement -	- Test		Result – Remark	Verdict
	leading relative unless otherwis for power factor	e agreed witl	h the DNO eg		
9.6	Automatic Cor	nection			Р
9.6.1	Micro-generator 50438 in respect to generate elec- automatic recor minimum obser stated in Annex	ct of connecti ctric power. T nnection whe vation time s	on and starting his includes re the hall be as	Considered	P
	1				
10	Interface Prote	ection			
10.1	General			1	Р
10.1.1	The Micro-generator shall conform to the Interface Protection settings set out below (Table 2). Means shall be provided to protect the settings from unpermitted interference (eg via a password or seal).		P		
10.1.2	The DNO is responsible under the Distribution Code for ensuring, by design, that the voltage and frequency at the Connection Point remains within statutory limits. The Interface Protection settings have been chosen to allow for voltage rise or drop within the Customer's Installation and to allow the Micro-generator to continue to operate outside of the statutory frequency range as required by the EU Network Code on Requirements for Grid Connection of Generators.		Considered	P	
10.1.3	Interface Protect disconnects the DNO's Distribut parameter is out in Table 2.  Table 2 – Interfaction Function  U// O// stage 1 O// stage 2 U/F stage 1 U/F stage 2 O/F LoM (RoCoF)  † A value of 230	# Micro-gener ion Network itside of the stace Protection Trip setting Vφ-n¹ - 20% = 184 V Vφ-n¹ + 14% = 262.2 V Vφ-n¹ + 19% = 273.7 V <sup>4</sup> 47.5 Hz 47 Hz 52 Hz 1.0 Hzs-¹	rator from the when any settings shown on settings  Time Delay setting  2.5 s  1.0 s  0.5 s  20 s  0.5 s  0.5 s	Test results see appended table.	P
10.1.4	The total discor and frequency p operating time of shall be the time	nnection time protection, inc of the disconi	for voltage cluding the nection device,	Test results see appended table.	P

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict		
	tolerance of, -0s + 0.5 s.				
10.1.5	For the avoidance of doubt, where the Distribution Network voltage or frequency exceed the trip settings in Table 2, for less than the time delay setting, the Microgenerator should not disconnect from the Distribution Network.	Test results see appended table.	Р		
10.1.6	Fully Type Tested Micro-generators shall have protection settings set during manufacture.	Considered	Р		
10.1.7	The Manufacturer shall establish a secure way of displaying the Interface Protection setting information in one of the following ways:	Considered	Р		
	A display on a screen;				
	A display on a PC which can communicate with the Micro-generator and confirm that it is the correct Microgenerator by means of a serial number permanently fixed to the Micro-generator and visible on the PC screen at the same time as the settings; or				
	Display of all Interface Protection settings and nominal voltage and current outputs, alongside the serial number of the Micro- generator, permanently fixed to the Micro- generator.				
10.1.8	The provision of loose documents, documents attached to the Micro-generator by cable ties etc, or provision of data on adhesive paper based products which are not likely to survive due to fading, or failure of the adhesive, for at least 20 years is not acceptable.	Considered	Р		
10.1.9	In response to a protection operation the Micro-generator shall be automatically disconnected from the DNO's Distribution Network. This disconnection must be achieved preferably by the separation of mechanical contacts or alternatively by the operation of a suitably rated solid state switching device. Where a solid state switching device is used to afford disconnection of the Micro-generator, the switching device shall incorporate fail safe monitoring to check the voltage level at its output stage. In the event that the solid state switching device fails to disconnect the Micro-generator, the voltage on the output side of the switching device shall be reduced to a value below 50 V within 0.5 s	Considered	P		

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	of the protection and trip delay timer operation.		
10.1.10	Where a common protection system is used to provide the protection function for multiple Micro-generators the complete installation cannot be considered to comprise Fully Type Tested Micro-generators if the protection and connections are made up on site and so cannot be factory tested or Fully Type Tested. In accordance with Annex A1 or Annex A2 if the units or Micro-generators are specifically designed with plugs and sockets to be interconnected on site, then provided the assembly passes the function tests required in Appendix 3 Form C, the Micro-generator(s) can retain Fully Type Tested status.	Test results see appended table.	P
10.1.11	Once the Micro-generator has been installed and commissioned the protection settings shall only be altered following written agreement between the DNO and the Customer or their agent.	Considered	Р
10.2	Loss of Mains Protection		Р
10.2.1	Loss of mains protection shall be incorporated and tested as defined in the compliance type testing annex of EN 50438. Active methods which use impedance measuring techniques by drawing current pulses from or injecting AC currents into the DNO's Distribution Network are not considered to be suitable. For Micro-generators which generate on more than one phase, the loss of mains protection should be able to detect the loss of a single phase of the supply network. This should be tested during type testing and recorded in the Type Test Verification Report as per Appendix 3 Form C.	Test results see appended table.	P
10.3	Frequency Drift and Step Change Stability	y Test	Р
10.3.1	Under normal operation of the Distribution Network, the frequency changes over time due to continuous unbalance of load and generation or can experience a step change due to the loss of a Distribution Network component which does not cause a loss of supply.	Considered	Р
10.3.2	In order to ensure that such phenomena do not cause unnecessary tripping of Microgenerators, stability type tests shall be carried out.	Considered	Р



	Engineering recomme	endation G98/1-4	
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
10.3.3	The Rate of Change of Frequency (RoCoF) and Vector Shift values required for these tests are marginally less than the corresponding protection settings for RoCoF in Table 2 and vector shifts of up to 50°. Both stability tests shall be carried out in all cases.	Test results see appended table.	P
10.3.4	The stability tests are to be carried out as per the table in Appendix 3 Form C of this document and the Micro-generator should remain connected during each and every test. The tests shall check that the Microgenerator remains stable and connected during the following scenarios:  • RoCoF: 0.95 Hzs-1 from 49.0 Hz to 51.0	Test results see appended table.	P
	Hz on both rising and falling frequency; and • Vector shift: 50° plus from 49.5 Hz and 50° minus from 50.5 Hz.		
11	Quality of Supply		
11.1	The power quality requirements set out in EN 50438 should be met along with the requirements described in this section of EREC G98.	Considered	P
11.2	Micro-generators are likely to be installed in large numbers on LV Distribution Networks. They are likely to operate for long periods with no diversity between them, and adjacent Micro-generators are likely to be of the same technology. Therefore, in order to accommodate a high number of Micro-generators on a Distribution Network, procedures are specified in Annex A1 and Annex A2, which need to be applied when testing for harmonic current emissions and flicker.	Considered	P
11.3	The requirements of EN 50438 shall be met for DC injection.	Considered	Р
12	Short Circuit Current Contribution		
12.1	Directly Coupled Micro-generators	T	Р
12.1.1	The short-circuit parameters of synchronous Micro-generators shall be determined by means of a short-circuit test in accordance with EN 50438.	Considered	
12.2	Inverter Connected Micro-generators		Р
12.2.1	In addition to EN 50438 Manufacturers of Inverters shall take account of the	Considered	Р

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict	
	following:			
	DNOs need to understand the contribution that Inverters make to system fault levels in order to determine that they can continue to safely operate their Distribution Networks without exceeding design fault levels for switchgear and other circuit components; and			
	As the output from an Inverter reduces to zero when a short circuit is applied to its terminals, a short circuit test does not represent the worst case scenario; in most cases the voltage will not collapse to zero for a Distribution Network fault.			
12.2.2	To address this issue a test, which ensures that at least 10% of nominal voltage remains and which allows the Microgenerator to feed into a load with an X to R ratio of 2.5, is specified as detailed in Annex A1.	Considered	Р	
Annex A1	Requirements for Type Testing of Inverte	r Connected Micro-generato	rs	
A 1.1	General	Considered	Р	
	This Annex describes a methodology for obtaining type certification or type verification for Micro-generators which are connected to the Distribution Network via an Inverter.			
	The compliance testing annex of EN 50438 should be complied with except where alternative requirements are detailed in this Annex.			
A 1.2	Type Verification Functional Testing of the Interface Protection	Considered Test results see appended	Р	
	Type testing is the responsibility of the Manufacturer.	table.		
	The type testing can be done by the Manufacturer of an individual component or by an external test house or by the supplier of the complete system, or any combination of them as appropriate.			
	The type testing will verify that the operation of the Interface Protection shall result:			
	a) in the safe disconnection of the Micro- generator from the DNO's Distribution Network in the event that the protection settings specified in Table 2 are exceeded;			



	Engineering recommendation G98/1-4				
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict		
	and b) in the Micro-generator remaining connected to the DNO's Distribution Network while Distribution Network conditions are:				
	within the envelope specified by the settings plus and minus the tolerances specified for equipment operation in Table 2; and				
	2) within the time delay settings specified in Table 2.				
	Wherever possible the type testing of a Micro-generator designed for a particular type of prime mover should be proved under normal conditions of operation for that technology (unless otherwise noted).				
A 1.2.1	Disconnection times	Test results see appended	Р		
	The minimum trip time delay settings, for over / under voltage, over / under frequency and loss of mains tests below, are presented in Table 2.	table.			
	For over / under voltage, over / under frequency and loss of mains tests, reconnection shall be checked as detailed below.				
A 1.2.2	Over / Under Voltage	Test results see appended	Р		
	In addition to the EN 50438 over / under voltage tests the tests in this paragraph shall be undertaken.	table.			
	The Interface Protection shall be tested by operating the Controller in parallel with a variable AC test supply, as an example see Figure A1.1. Correct protection and ridethrough operation shall be confirmed. The set points for over and under voltage at which the Interface Protection disconnects from the supply will be established by varying the AC supply voltage. The disconnect sequence should be initiated when the network conditions mean the protection should trip in accordance with the settings in Table 2, otherwise normal operation should continue.				
A 1.2.3	Over / Under Frequency	Test results see appended	Р		
	In addition to the EN 50438 over / under frequency tests the tests in this paragraph shall be undertaken into account.	table.			
	The Micro-generator shall be tested by operating in parallel with a low impedance,				

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Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict	
	variable frequency test supply system, see figure A1.2. Correct protection and ridethrough operation should be confirmed during operation of the Micro-generator. The set points for over and under frequency at which the Micro-generator disconnects from the supply will be established by varying the test supply frequency.			
A 1.2.4	Loss of Mains Protection	Test results see appended	Р	
	The tests should be carried out in accordance with BS EN 62116 and a subset of results should be recorded as indicated in the Protection – Loss of Mains test section of the Type Test Verification Report, Appendix 3 Form C.	table.		
A 1.2.5	Reconnection	Test results see appended	P	
	Further tests will confirm that once the AC supply voltage and frequency have returned to be within the stage 1 settings specified in Table 2 following an automatic protection trip operation there is a minimum time delay of 20 s before the Microgenerator output is restored (ie before the Microgenerator automatically reconnects to the Distribution Network).	table.		
A 1.2.6	Frequency Drift and Step Change Stability test	Test results see appended table.	P	
	The tests will be carried out using the same circuit as specified in A1.2.3 above and following confirmation that the Microgenerator has passed the under and over frequency trip tests and the under and over frequency stability tests.			
A 1.2.7	Active power feed-in at under-frequency	Test results see appended	Р	
	EN 50438 shall be complied with in respect of active power feed-in at under-frequency.	table.		
A 1.2.8	Power response to over-frequency	Test results see appended	Р	
	EN 50438 shall be complied with in respect of power response to over-frequency using a specific standard frequency threshold of 50.4 Hz and a Droop setting of 10%.	table.		
A 1.3	POWER QUALITY	Test results see appended table.	Р	
A 1.3.1	Harmonics	Test results see appended	Р	
	The tests should be carried out as specified in BS EN 61000-3-2 and can be undertaken with a fixed source of energy at two power levels firstly between 45 and	table.		



	Engineering recommendation G98/1-4				
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict		
	55% and at 100% of Registered Capacity. The test must be carried out with a minimum of 2 kW of rated Microgenerators. Where an individual Microgenerator is smaller than 2 kW it should be tested as a group. However, where a Micro-generator is designed to be installed singly in an installation then this can be tested alone, for example a domestic CHP unit. The maximum group size for the test is 3.68 kW.  The results for all Micro-generators should be normalised to a rating of 3.68 kW. The Micro-generator or group shall meet the harmonic emissions of Table 1 in BS EN 61000-3-2 with a scaling factor applied as follows for each harmonic current:  BS EN 61000-3-2 Table 1 current limit × rating of Micro-generator being tested (kW) per phase / 3.68				
A 1.3.2	Power Factor The test should be undertaken as laid out in EN 50438 with the following three test voltages 230 V –6%, 230V and 230 V +10%.	Test results see appended table.	Р		
A 1.3.3	Voltage Flicker	Test results see appended	Р		
	The test must be carried out with a minimum of 2 kW of rated Microgenerators. Where an individual Microgenerator is smaller than 2 kW it should be tested as a group. However, where a Micro-generator is designed to be installed singly in an installation then this can be tested alone, for example a domestic CHP unit. The maximum group size for the test is 3.68 kW.	table.			
	The Micro-generator or group shall meet the required dmax, dc, d(t), Pst, Plt requirements of BS EN 61000-3-3 with a scaling factor applied as follows for each voltage change component.				
	dmax, dc, d(t), Pst, Plt × rating of Microgenerator being tested (kW) per phase / 3.68				
	The results for groups of Micro-generators should be normalised to a rating of 3.68 kW and to the standard source impedance. Single Micro-generators need to be normalised to the standard source impedance, these normalised results need to conform to the limits set out in the Type				



	Engineering recommendation G98/1-4				
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict		
	Test Verification Report, Appendix 3 Form C.				
	For voltage change and flicker measurements the following simplified formula is to be used to convert the measured values to the normalised values where the power factor of the Microgenerator output is 0.98 or above. Where it is less than 0.98 then compliance with the full requirements of BS EN 61000-3-3 is required.				
A 1.3.4	DC Injection for Inverters	Test results see appended	Р		
	DC injection compliance testing in EN 50438 shall be applicable to all Inverter connected Micro-generators regardless of connection configuration.	table.			
A 1.3.5	Short Circuit Current Contribution for Inverters	Test results see appended table.	Р		
	Inverter connected Micro-generators generally have small short circuit fault contributions, however, DNOs need to understand the contribution that they make to system fault levels in order to determine that they can continue to safely operate without exceeding design fault levels for switchgear and other circuit components.				
	The following type tests shall be carried out and the results noted in the Type Test Verification Report, Appendix 3 Form C.				
A 1.3.6	Self-Monitoring - Solid State Disconnection	A Disconnection device with mechanical	Р		
	Some Micro-generators include solid state switching devices to disconnect from the DNO's Distribution Network. In this case 10.1.9 requires the control equipment to monitor the output stage of the Microgenerator to ensure that in the event of a protection initiated trip the output voltage is either disconnected completely or reduced to a value below 50 V AC. This shall be verified either by self-certification by the Manufacturer, or additional material shall be presented to the tester sufficient to allow an assessment to be made.	separation in the use of two relays in series in line and neutral are provided in the SSEG.			
A 1.3.7	Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)	Considered.	Р		
	All equipment shall conform to the generic EMC standards: BS EN61000-6-3: Electromagnetic Compatibility, Generic Emission Standard; and BS EN61000-6-1: Electromagnetic Compatibility, Generic				



Engineering recommendation G98/1-4					
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict		
	Immunity Standard.				
Annex A2	Requirements for Type Testing of Synchr	onous Micro-generators			
A 2.1	General  The compliance testing annex of EN 50438 should be complied with except where alternative requirements are detailed in this Annex.	The SSEG is a photovoltaic inverter.	N/A		
A 2.2	Type Verification Functional Testing of the Interface Protection	The SSEG is a photovoltaic inverter.	N/A		
	Type testing is the responsibility of the Manufacturer.				
	The type testing can be done by the Manufacturer of an individual component, by an external test house or by the supplier of the complete system, or any combination of them as appropriate.				
	The type testing will verify that the operation of the Interface Protection shall result:				
	a) in the safe disconnection of the Microgenerator from the DNO's Distribution Network in the event that the protection settings specified in Table 2 are exceeded; and				
	b) in the Micro-generator remaining connected to the DNO's Distribution Network while Distribution Network conditions are:				
	within the envelope specified by the settings plus and minus the tolerances specified for equipment operation in Table 2; and				
	within the time delay settings specified in Table 2.				
A 2.2.1	Disconnection times	The SSEG is a	N/A		
	The minimum trip time delay settings, for over / under voltage, over / under frequency and loss of mains tests below, are presented in Table 2.	photovoltaic inverter.			
	For over / under voltage, over / under frequency and loss of mains tests, reconnection shall be checked as detailed below.				
A 2.2.2	Over / Under Voltage In addition to the EN 50438 over / under	The SSEG is a photovoltaic inverter.	N/A		

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	Engineering recomm	endation G98/1-4	
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	voltage tests the tests in this paragraph shall be undertaken.		
	The Interface Protection shall be tested by operating the Controller in parallel with a variable AC test supply, as an example see Figure A2.1. Correct protection and ridethrough operation shall be confirmed. The set points for over and under voltage at which the Interface Protection disconnects from the supply will be established by varying the AC supply voltage. The disconnect sequence should be initiated when the network conditions of Table 2 are met, otherwise normal operation should continue.		
A 2.2.3	Over / Under Frequency	The SSEG is a	N/A
	In addition to the EN 50438 over / under frequency tests the tests in this paragraph shall be undertaken into account.	photovoltaic inverter.	
	The Interface Protection shall be tested by operating the Controller in parallel with a low impedance, variable frequency test supply system, as an example see Figure A2.2. Correct protection and ride-through operation should be confirmed during the test. The set points for over and under frequency at which the Interface Protection disconnects from the supply will be established by varying the test supply frequency.		
A 2.2.4	Loss of Mains Protection	The SSEG is a	N/A
	The test described in EN 50438 should be completed at 10%, 55%, and 100% of the Registered Capacity. In both cases a subset of results should be recorded as indicated in the Protection – Loss of Mains test section of the Type Test Verification Report, Appendix 3 Form C.	photovoltaic inverter.	
A 2.2.5	Reconnection	The SSEG is a	N/A
	Further tests will confirm that once the AC supply voltage and frequency have returned to be within the stage 1 settings specified in Table 2 following an automatic protection trip operation there is a minimum time delay of 20 s before the Microgenerator output is restored (ie before the Microgenerator automatically reconnects to the Distribution Network).	photovoltaic inverter.	
A 2.2.6	Frequency Drift and Step Change Stability test	The SSEG is a photovoltaic inverter.	N/A



	Engineering recomm	endation G98/1-4	
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict
	The tests will be carried out using the same circuit as specified in A.2.2.3 above and following confirmation that the Microgenerator has passed the under and over frequency trip tests and the under and over frequency stability tests.		
A 2.2.7	Active power feed-in at under-frequency	The SSEG is a	N/A
	EN 50438 shall be complied with in respect of active power feed-in at under-frequency.	photovoltaic inverter.	
A 2.2.8	Power response to over-frequency	The SSEG is a	N/A
	EN 50438 shall be complied with in respect of power response to over-frequency using a specific standard frequency threshold of 50.4 Hz and a Droop setting of 10%.	photovoltaic inverter.	
A 2.3	POWER QUALITY	The SSEG is a photovoltaic inverter.	N/A
A 2.3.1	Harmonics	The SSEG is a	N/A
	The tests should be carried out as specified in BS EN 61000-3-2 and can be undertaken with a fixed source of energy at two power levels firstly between 45 and 55% and at 100% of Registered Capacity.	photovoltaic inverter.	
	The test must be carried out with a minimum of 2 kW of rated Microgenerators. Where an individual Microgenerator is smaller than 2 kW it should be tested as a group. However, where a Micro-generator is designed to be installed singly in an installation then this can be tested alone, for example a domestic CHP unit. The maximum group size for the test is 3.68 kW.		
A 2.3.2	Power Factor	The SSEG is a	N/A
	The test should be undertaken as laid out in EN 50438 with the following three test voltages 230 V –6%, 230V and 230 V +10%.	photovoltaic inverter.	
A 2.3.3	Voltage Flicker	The SSEG is a	N/A
	The test must be carried out with a minimum of 2 kW of rated Microgenerators. Where an individual Microgenerator is smaller than 2 kW it should be tested as a group. However, where a Micro-generator is designed to be installed singly in an installation then this can be tested alone, for example a domestic CHP unit. The maximum group size for the test is 3.68 kW.	photovoltaic inverter.	



	Engineering recommendation G98/1-4								
Clause	Requirement – Test	Result – Remark	Verdict						
	The Micro-generator or group shall meet the required dmax, dc, d(t), Pst, Plt requirements of BS EN 61000-3-3 with a scaling factor applied as follows for each voltage change component.								
	dmax, dc, d(t), Pst, Plt × rating of Microgenerator being tested (kW) per phase / 3.68								
	The results for groups of Micro-generators should be normalised to a rating of 3.68 kW and to the standard source impedance. Single Micro-generators need to be normalised to the standard source impedance, these normalised results need to conform to the limits set out in the Type Test Verification Report, Appendix 3 Form C.								
	For voltage change and flicker measurements the following simplified formula is to be used to convert the measured values to the normalised values where the power factor of the Microgenerator output is 0.98 or above. Where it is less than 0.98 then compliance with the full requirements of BS EN 61000-3-3 is required.								
A 2.3.4	Short Circuit Current Contribution for Directly Coupled technology	The SSEG is a photovoltaic inverter.	N/A						
	DNOs need to understand the contribution a Micro-generator makes to system fault levels in order to determine that they can continue to safely operate without exceeding design fault levels for switchgear and other circuit components.								
	The tests in EN 50438 shall apply.								
	For rotating machines and linear piston machines the test should produce a 0 – 2 s plot of the short circuit current as seen at the Micro-generator terminals.								
A 2.3.5	Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC)	The SSEG is a	N/A						
	All equipment shall conform to the generic EMC standards: BS EN61000-6-3: Electromagnetic Compatibility, Generic Emission Standard; and BS EN61000-6-1: Electromagnetic Compatibility, Generic Immunity Standard.	photovoltaic inverter.							



pin3

pin3

R137

Relay defect

Grid voltage monitoring

Grid voltage

Grid voltage

monitoring

monitoring

R 140

R157

RL6 pin4-

Short before

start up

Open

Short

Open

230V

0,05A

230V

16.0A

230V

16,0A

230V

16,0A

Report No.: PVUK2102WDG0105

# G98-1/1 Test Results:

	A1 Comm	on Dire	ectly C	oupled	Conne	ected S	SSEG F	Requirements	•
	Verification I safety - fa								Р
	ambient temp	erature [	°C] :		24,9				
	model/type of	power s	upply :		AC: 615 DC: 621		00s		
	manufacturer	of power	rsupply	:	Chroma	l			
	rated marking	s of pow	er suppl	y :	AC: 0-3 DC: 0-1				
component No.	fault	test co	ndition	test time	fuse No.	fault co	ondition DC	result	
Relay defect RL1 pin4- pin3	Short before start up	230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Indicate Relay f code"ID41"(Rel Do not connect No damage,no	ayFail). to AC mainsn.
Relay defect RL2 pin4- pin3	Short before start up	230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Indicate Relay fault, error code "ID41" (Relay Fail). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage, no hazards.	
Relay defect RL3 pin4- pin3	Short before start up	230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Indicate Relay fault, error code "ID41" (RelayFail). Do not connect to AC mainsn No damage, no hazards.	
Relay defect RL4 pin4- pin3	Short before start up	230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Indicate Relay f code"ID41"(Rel Do not connect No damage,no	ault,error ayFail). to AC mainsn.
Relay defect RL5 pin4-	Short before start up	230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Indicate Relay f code"ID41"(Rel	ault,error

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10min.

10min.

10min.

10min.

230V

0,05A

230V

0.05A

230V

0,05A

230V

0,05A

850V

0,10A

850V

0,10A

850V

0,10A

850V

0,10A

850V

0,10A

850V

25,0A

25,0A

850V

25,0A

25,0A

850V

25,0A

25,0A

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Do not connect to AC mainsn.

Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage, no hazards.

Output a.c. relays operated,

disconnected with grid. error

Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage, no hazards.

Output a.c. relays operated,

disconnected with grid. error

Do not connect to AC mainsn.

Output a.c. relays operated,

disconnected with grid. error

Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage, no hazards.

No damage, no hazards.

Indicate Relay fault, error

code"ID41"(RelayFail).

code"ID02"(GridUVP).

code"ID01"(GridOVP).

No damage, no hazards.

code"ID02"(GridUVP).



component		test co	ndition	test	fuse	fault co	ondition	
No.	fault	AC	DC	time	No.	AC	DC	result
Grid voltage monitoring R 159	Short	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Output a.c. relays operated, disconnected with grid. error code "ID01" (GridOVP). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage, no hazards.
Grid voltage monitoring R152	Open	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Output a.c. relays operated, disconnected with grid. error code "ID02" (GridUVP). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage,no hazards.
Grid voltage monitoring R 155	Short	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Output a.c. relays operated, disconnected with grid. error code "ID01" (GridOVP). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage,no hazards.
Grid voltage monitoring R147	Open	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Output a.c. relays operated, disconnected with grid. error code "ID02" (GridUVP). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage, no hazards.
Grid voltage monitoring R 149	Short	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Output a.c. relays operated, disconnected with grid. error code "ID01" (GridOVP). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage, no hazards.
Current sensor defect C10	Short	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Indicate DCI fault,error code"ID18"(HwADFaultDCI). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage,no hazards.
Current sensor defect C 51	Short	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Indicate DCI fault,error code"ID18"(HwADFaultDCI). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage,no hazards.
Current sensor defect C102	Short	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Indicate DCI fault,error code"ID18"(HwADFaultDCI). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage,no hazards.
Current sensor defect R 57	Open	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Indicate Grid current fault,error code"ID17"(HwADFaultIGrid). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage,no hazards.
Current sensor defect R 166	Open	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Indicate DCI fault,error code"ID18"(HwADFaultDCI). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage,no hazards.
Grid voltage monitoring R109	Open	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A/ 25,0A	No fault. no damage.Offline – DCV is wrong.
Grid voltage monitoring R109	Short	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A/ 25,0A	No fault.no damage. Offline – DCV is wrong.



component	6 11	test co	ndition	test	fuse	fault condition		II.
No.	fault	AC	DC	time	No.	AC	DC	result
Grid voltage monitoring R203	Short	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Indicate Grid voltage fault,error code "ID19"(HwADFaultVGrid( DC)), "ID20"(HwADFaultVGrid (AC)). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage,no hazards.
Grid voltage monitoring R240	Short	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Indicate Grid voltage fault,error code "ID19"(HwADFaultVGrid( DC)), "ID20"(HwADFaultVGrid (AC)). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage,no hazards.
Grid voltage monitoring C541	Short	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Indicate Grid voltage fault,error code"ID20"(HwADFaultVGrid( AC)). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage,no hazards.
Grid voltage monitoring C539	Short	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Indicate Grid voltage fault,error code"ID20"(HwADFaultVGrid( AC)). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage,no hazards.
Grid voltage monitoring C540	Short	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Indicate Grid voltage fault,error code"ID20"(HwADFaultVGrid( AC)). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage,no hazards.
Grid voltage monitoring R904	Open	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Indicate Grid voltage fault,error code"ID19"(HwADFaultVGrid(DC)). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage,no hazards.
Grid voltage monitoring R905	Open	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Indicate Grid voltage fault,error code "ID19" (HwADFaultVGrid (DC)). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage,no hazards.
Grid voltage monitoring R906	Open	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Indicate Grid voltage fault,error code"ID19"(HwADFaultVGrid( DC)). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage,no hazards.
DSP communicat ion defect R481	Short	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Indicate SCI fault,error code"ID154"(SciCommLose(AC)). Do not connect to AC mainsn. Q26 damage,no hazards.

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component	fault	test co	ndition	test	fuse	fault co	ondition	result
No.	lauit	AC	DC	time	No.	AC	DC	resuit
DSP communicat ion defect R484	Short	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Indicate SCI fault,error code"ID153"(SciCommLose(DC)). Do not connect to AC mainsn. Q25 damage,no hazards.
Loss of control C287	Short	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Output a.c. relays operated, disconnected with grid,no error code. Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage.No hazards.
Loss of control C277	Short	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Output a.c. relays operated, disconnected with grid,error code"ID33,ID34,ID153,ID154"(SpiCommLose DC/AC, SciCommLose DC/AC). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage.No hazards.
Loss of control C548	Short	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Output a.c. relays operated, disconnected with grid,error code"ID33,ID34,ID153,ID154"(SpiCommLose DC/AC, SciCommLose DC/AC). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage.No hazards.
Loss of control C679	Short	230V 16,0A	850V 25,0A / 25,0A	10min.		230V 0,05A	850V 0,10A	Output a.c. relays operated, disconnected with grid,error code"ID33,ID34,ID153,ID154"(SpiCommLose DC/AC, SciCommLose DC/AC). Do not connect to AC mainsn. No damage.No hazards.

The errors in the control circuit simulate that the safety is even ensured during single fault.

The tests had been performed on the ME 10KTL-3PH are valid for the ME 5KTL-3PH, ME 6KTL-3PH, ME 8KTL-3PH since it is same as in hardware and just power derated by software.



0,998

0,998

0,997



Operating Range: This test should be carried out as specified in EN 50438 D.3.1.							
	Over-	voltage [V]:					
Sotting value	Under	Under-voltage [V]: 195,5					
Setting value	Over-	requency [Hz]:	52,00	52,00			
	Under	-frequency [Hz]:	47,50				
- Test 1: U = 195	5,5 V; f = 47,5 Hz; P =	= 1,00 Sn; cosφ = 1; at	least 90 mins				
- Test 2: U = 253,0 V; f = 51,5 Hz; P = 1,00 Sn; cosφ = 1; at least 90 mins							
- Test 3: U = 253,0 V; f = 52,0 Hz; P = 1,00 Sn; cosφ = 1; at least 15 mins							
Test sequence	Voltage [V]	Frequency [Hz]	Output power [W]	Cos φ [1]			

47,5

51,5

52,0

9,335

10,015

10,008

#### Note:

1

2

3

During the tests the interface protection was disabled.

195,03

253,42

253,42

Operation at reduced power is allowed during test 1, equal to the maximum power that can be supplied on reaching the maximum output current limit ( $P \ge 0.85 \text{ Sn}$ ).

During the sequence of test 2, automatic adjustment to reduce power in the case of over-frequency was disabled.

The tests had been performed on the ME 10KTL-3PH are valid for the ME 5KTL-3PH, ME 6KTL-3PH, ME 8KTL-3PH since it is same as in hardware and just power derated by software.



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A1.2.2 Over / The test procedu			nected) or Annex	x A2 A.2.2.2 (Syr	nchronous).	Р
			L1 Phase			
Function	Set	ting		test	No tr	ip test
	Voltage	Time delay	Voltage	Time delay	Voltage / time	Confirm no trip
U/V	184,0V	2,5s	183,6	2,520s	188V / 5,0s	No trip
					180V / 2,45s	No trip
O/V stage 1	262,2V	1,0s	263,1	1,018s	258,2V / 5,0s	No trip
O/V stage 2	273,7V	0,5s	274,7	0,534s	269,7V / 0,95s	No trip
					277,7V / 0,45s	No trip
			L2 Phase			
Function	Set	ting	Trip	test		ip test
	Voltage	Time delay	Voltage	Time delay	Voltage / time	Confirm no trip
U/V	184,0V	2,5s	183,7	2,520s	188V / 5,0s	No trip
					180V / 2,45s	No trip
O/V stage 1	262,2V	1,0s	263,0	1,113s	258,2V / 5,0s	No trip
O/V stage 2	273,7V	0,5s	274,7	0,522s	269,7V / 0,95s	No trip
					277,7V / 0,45s	No trip
			L3 Phase			
Function	Set	ting	Trip	test		ip test
	Voltage	Time delay	Voltage	Time delay	Voltage / time	Confirm no trip
U/V	184,0V	2,5s	183,7	2,530s	188V / 5,0s	No trip
					180V / 2,45s	No trip
O/V stage 1	262,2V	1,0s	262,9	1,014	258,2V / 5,0s	No trip
O/V stage 2	273,7V	0,5s	274,4	0,518	269,7V / 0,95s	No trip
					277,7V / 0,45s	No trip

### Note:

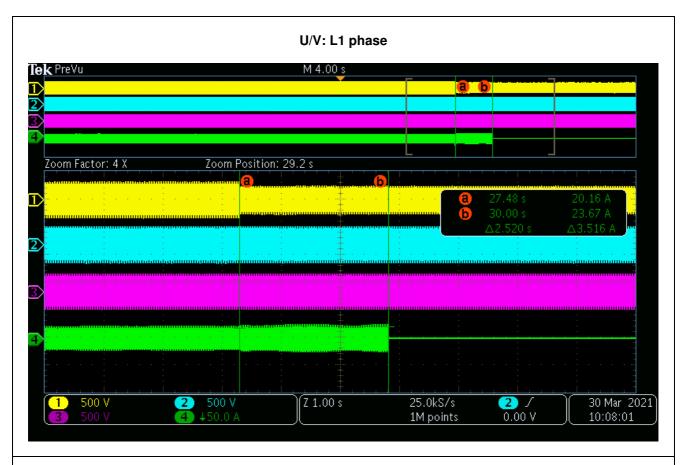
The total disconnection time for voltage and frequency protection, including the operating time of the disconnection device, shall be the time delay setting with a tolerance of, -0s + 0.5 s.

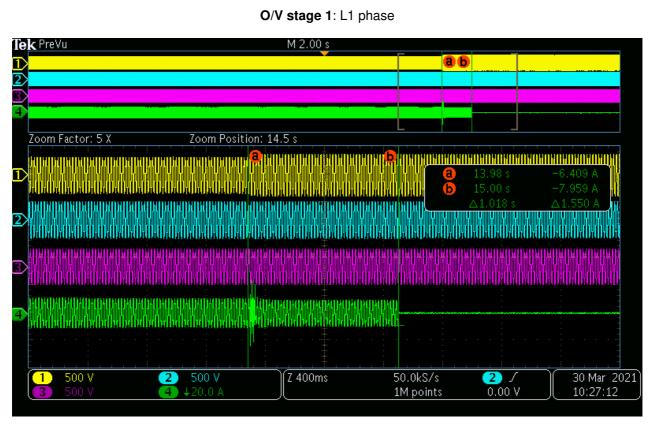
The Voltage required to trip is the setting  $\pm 3.45$  V. The time delay can be measured at a larger deviation than the minimum required to operate the protection. The No trip tests need to be carried out at the setting  $\pm 4$  V and for the relevant times as shown in the table above to ensure that the protection will not trip in error.

The tests had been performed on the ME 10KTL-3PH are valid for the ME 5KTL-3PH, ME 6KTL-3PH, ME 8KTL-3PH since it is same as in hardware and just power derated by software.





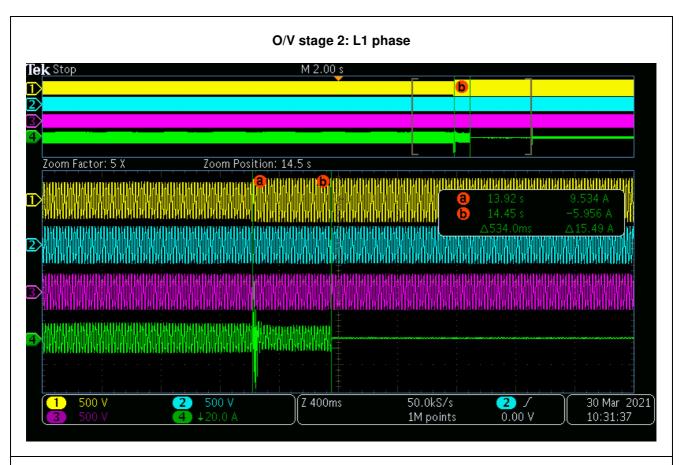


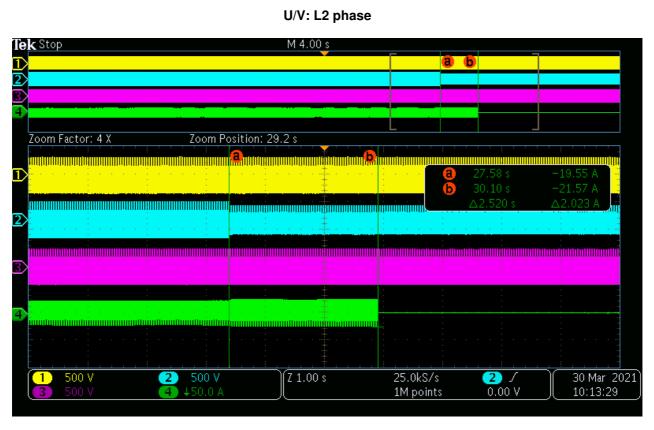


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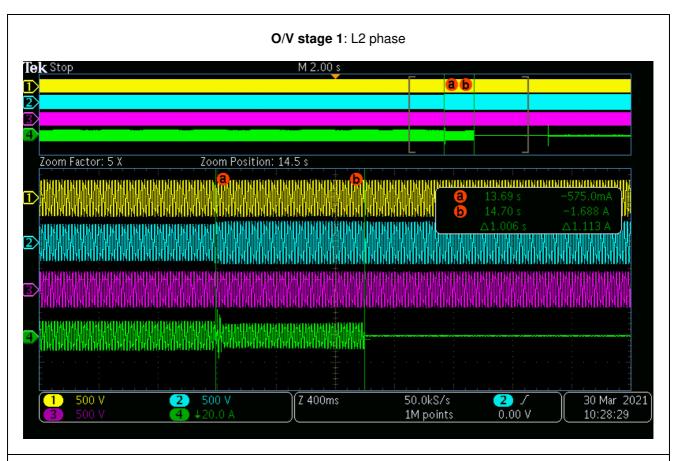


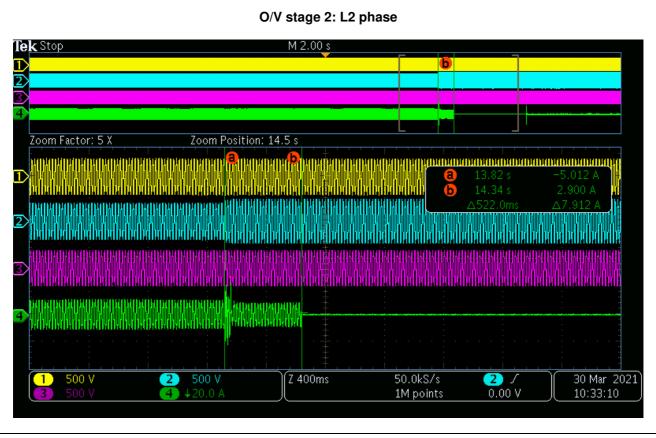




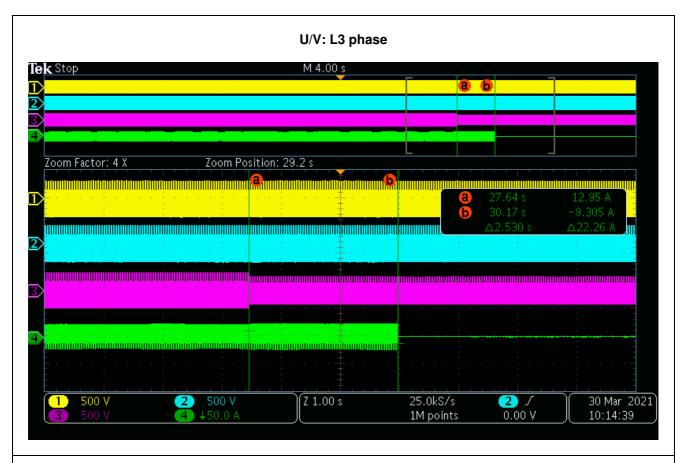


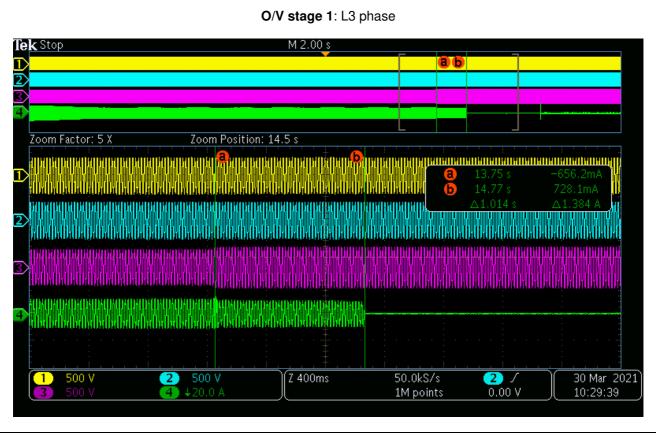




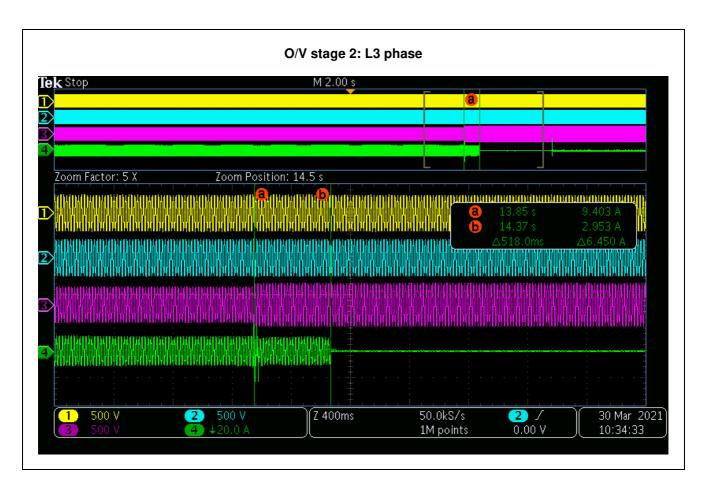














### A1.2.3 Over / Under Frequency

The test procedure in Annex A.1.2.3 (Inverter connected) or Annex A2 A.2.2.3 (Synchronous).

Ρ

Function	Set	ting	Trin	test	No tri	ip test
Tariotion	Frequency	Time delay	Frequency			Confirm no trip
U/F stage 1	47,50Hz	20s	47,50	20,110s	47,7Hz / 30s	No trip
U/F stage 2	47,00Hz	0,5s	47,00	0,528s	47,2Hz / 19,5s	No trip
					46,8 Hz / 0,45s	No trip
O/F	52,00Hz	0,5s	52,00	0,536s	51,8Hz / 120,0s	No trip
					52,2 Hz / 0,45s	No trip

### Note:

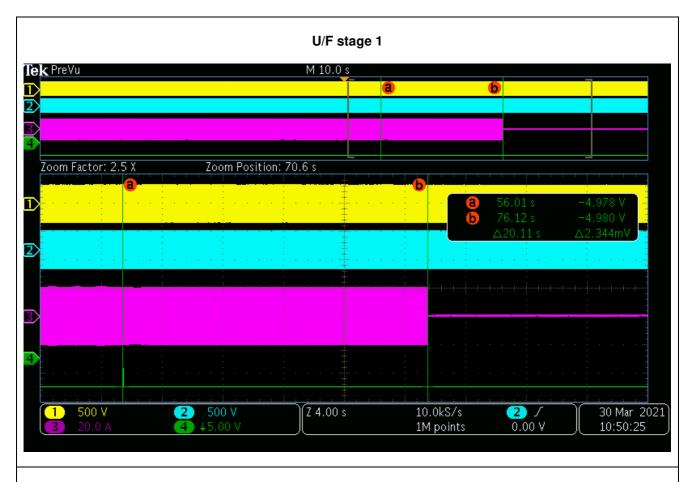
The total disconnection time for voltage and frequency protection, including the operating time of the disconnection device, shall be the time delay setting with a tolerance of, -0s + 0.5 s.

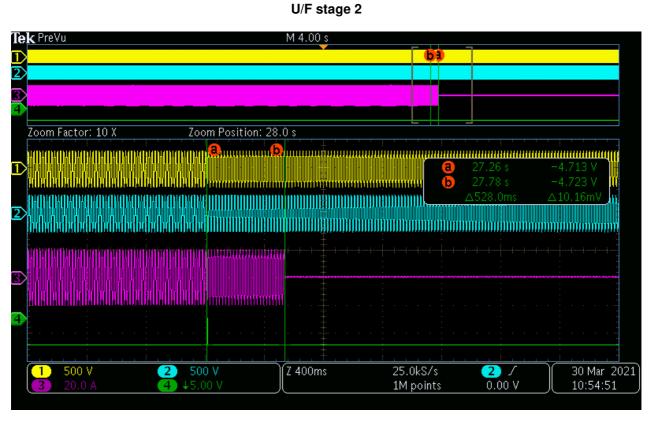
For frequency trip tests the frequency required to trip is the setting  $\pm$  0.1 Hz. In order to measure the time delay a larger deviation than the minimum required to operate the projection can be used. The "No trip tests" need to be carried out at the setting  $\pm$  0.2 Hz and for the relevant times as shown in the table above to ensure that the protection will not trip in error.

The tests had been performed on the ME 10KTL-3PH are valid for the ME 5KTL-3PH, ME 6KTL-3PH, ME 8KTL-3PH since it is same as in hardware and just power derated by software.











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The r	The requirement is specified in section 10.2, test procedure in Annex A.2.2.4  Load imbalance (real, reactive load) for test condition A (EUT output = 100%)										
7	Test conditions  Frequency: 50+/-0,1Hz  U <sub>N</sub> =230+/-3Vac  Distortion factor of chokes < 2%  Quality =1										
Dis	sconnection	on limit	0,5s								
No	P <sub>EUT</sub> 1) [% of EUT rating]	Reactive load [% of Q <sub>L</sub> in 6.1.d) 1]	P <sub>AC</sub> <sup>2)</sup> [% of nominal]	Q <sub>AC</sub> <sup>3)</sup> [% of nominal]	I <sub>AC</sub> <sup>4)</sup> [A]	P <sub>EUT</sub> [W per phase]	V <sub>DC</sub> [V]	Qf	Run on Time [ms]	Remarks <sup>5)</sup>	
1	100	100	0	0	0,049	3333	586	0,999	491	BL	
2	100	100	-5	-5	0,755	3333	586	1,025	436	IB	
3	100	100	-5	0	0,774	3333	586	1,052	459	IB	
4	100	100	-5	+5	0,755	3333	586	1,078	456	IB	
5	100	100	0	-5	0,067	3333	586	0,974	448	IB	

0.067

0,791

0.774

0.791

+5

-5

0

+5

L = 50,57 mH

3333

3333

3333

3333

586

586

586

586

 $R = 15.87 \Omega$ 

1.024

0,927

0.952

0,975

407

369

483

421

IB

ΙB

ΙB

ΙB

 $C = 200.35 \mu F$ 

### Note:

6

7

8

9

100

100

100

100

100

100

100

100

Note for technologies which have a substantial shut down time this can be added to the 0.5 seconds in establishing that the trip occurred in less than 0.5s. Maximum shut down time could therefore be up to 1.0 seconds for these technologies.

RLC is adjusted to min. +/-1% of the inverter rated output power

0

+5

+5

+5

A1 2.4 Loss of mains protection according BS EN 62116

Parameter at 0%

Condition A:

EUT output power PEUT = Maximum 5)

EUT input voltage  $^{6)}$  = >90% of rated input voltage range

The tests had been performed on the ME 10KTL-3PH are valid for the ME 5KTL-3PH, ME 6KTL-3PH, ME 8KTL-3PH since it is same as in hardware and just power derated by software.

<sup>1)</sup> PEUT: EUT output power

<sup>2)</sup> PAC: Real power flow at S1 in Figure 1. Positive means power from EUT to utility. Nominal is the 0 % test

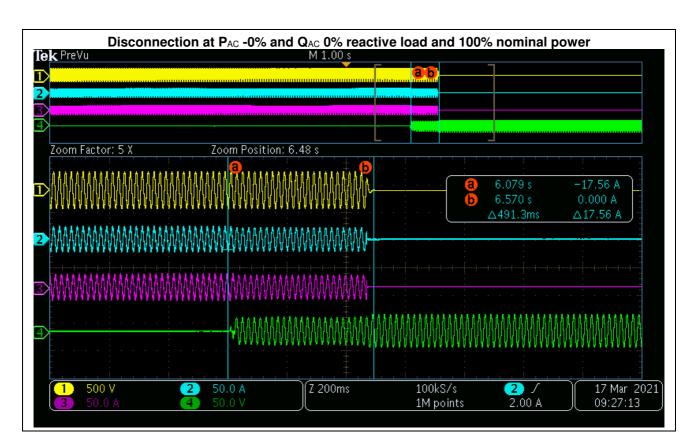
<sup>3)</sup> QAC: Reactive power flow at S1 in Figure 1. Positive means power from EUT to utility. Nominal is the 0 % test condition value.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4)</sup> BL: Balance condition, IB: Imbalance condition.

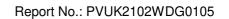
<sup>5)</sup> Maximum EUT output power condition should be achieved using the maximum allowable input power. Actual output power may exceed nominal rated output.

<sup>6)</sup> Based on EUT rated input operating range. For example, If range is between X volts and Y volts, 90 % of range =X + 0,9 × (Y - X). Y shall not exceed 0,8 × EUT maximum system voltage (i.e., maximum allowable array open circuit voltage). In any case, the EUT should not be operated outside of its allowable input voltage range.





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The	A1.3.4 Loss of mains protection according BS EN 62116 The requirement is specified in section 10.2, test procedure in Annex A.2.2.4 Load imbalance (real, reactive load) for test condition A (EUT output = 50 % – 66 %)										
Test conditions				Frequency: 50+/-0,1Hz  U <sub>N</sub> =230+/-3Vac  Distortion factor of chokes < 2%  Quality =1							
D	isconnecti	on limit				0,5s	;				
No	P <sub>EUT</sub> 1) [% of EUT rating]	Reactive load [% of Q <sub>L</sub> in 6.1.d) 1]	P <sub>AC</sub> <sup>2)</sup> [% of nominal]	Q <sub>AC</sub> <sup>3)</sup> [% of nominal]	I <sub>AC</sub> <sup>4)</sup> [A]	P <sub>EUT</sub> [W per phase]	V <sub>DC</sub> [V]	Qf	Run on Time [ms]	Remarks <sup>5)</sup>	
1	66	66	0	-5	0,088	2204	370	0,973	3 262	IB	
2	66	66	0	-4	0,084	2204	370	0,978	340	IB	
3	66	66	0	-3	0,080	2204	370	0,983	360	IB	
4	66	66	0	-2	0,078	2204	370	0,988	322	IB	
5	66	66	0	-1	0,076	2204	370	0,993	344	IB	
6	66	66	0	0	0,076	2204	370	0,998	3 412	BL	
7	66	66	0	+1	0,076	2204	370	1,003	3 312	IB	
8	66	66	0	+2	0,078	2204	370	1,008	328	IB	
9	66	66	0	+3	0,080	2204	370	1,013	3 266	IB	
10	66	66	0	+4	0,084	2204	370	1,018	352	IB	
11	66	66	0	0 +5 0,088 2204 370 1,023 252						IB	
		00/		70.55		D 0	14.00.0		0.40	0.055	
Pa	rameter at	0% per pha	ise L	_= 76,55 mF	1	H= 2	24,00 Ω		C= 13	2,35 μF	

Indicate additional shut down time included in above results.

(Disconnection device operation time)

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20ms



### Note:

RLC is adjusted to min. +/-1% of the inverter rated output power

1) PEUT: EUT output power

<sup>2)</sup> P<sub>AC</sub>: Real power flow at S1 in Figure 1. Positive means power from EUT to utility. Nominal is the 0 % test condition value.

<sup>3)</sup> Q<sub>AC</sub>: Reactive power flow at S1 in Figure 1. Positive means power from EUT to utility. Nominal is the 0 % test condition value.

<sup>4)</sup> BL: Balance condition, IB: Imbalance condition.

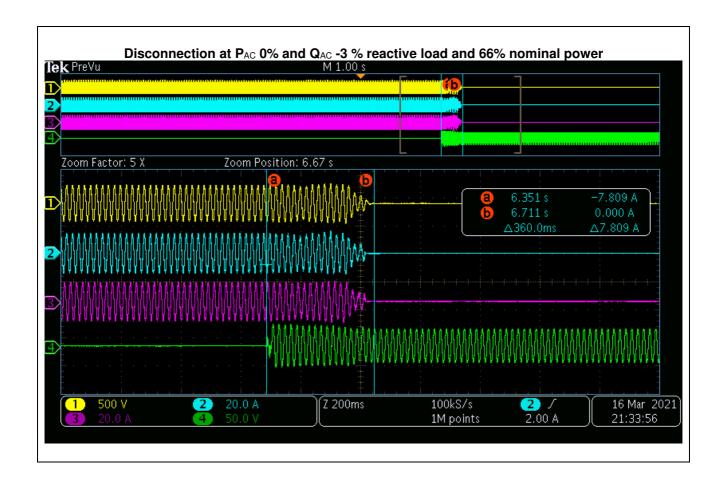
Condition B:

EUT output power PEUT = 50 % - 66 % of maximum

EUT input voltage  $^{5)}$  = 50 % of rated input voltage range,  $\pm 10$  %

 $^{5)}$  Based on EUT rated input operating range. For example, If range is between X volts and Y volts, 90 % of range =X + 0,5 × (Y - X). Y shall not exceed 0,8 × EUT maximum system voltage (i.e., maximum allowable array open circuit voltage). In any case, the EUT should not be operated outside of its allowable input voltage range.

The tests had been performed on the ME 10KTL-3PH are valid for the ME 5KTL-3PH, ME 6KTL-3PH, ME 8KTL-3PH since it is same as in hardware and just power derated by software.





A1.3.4 Loss of mains protection according BS EN 62116
The requirement is specified in section 10.2, test procedure in Annex A.2.2.4 Load imbalance (real, reactive load) for test condition A (EUT output = 25 % - 33 %)

Ρ

Test conditions						Ú	uency: 50- l <sub>N</sub> =230+/-3 factor of c Quality =	Vac chokes <				
	Di	sconnection	limit					0,5s				
	No	P <sub>EUT</sub> 1) [% of EUT	Reacting load [% Q <sub>L</sub> in	of	P <sub>AC</sub> <sup>2)</sup> [% of	Q <sub>AC</sub> <sup>3)</sup> [% of	I <sub>AC</sub> <sup>4)</sup> [A]	P <sub>EUT</sub> [W per	V <sub>DC</sub>	Qf	Run on Time	Remark s <sup>5)</sup>

No	P <sub>EUT</sub> 1) [% of EUT rating]	Reactive load [% of Q <sub>L</sub> in 6.1.d) 1]	P <sub>AC</sub> <sup>2)</sup> [% of nominal]	Q <sub>AC</sub> <sup>3)</sup> [% of nominal]	I <sub>AC</sub> <sup>4)</sup> [A]	P <sub>EUT</sub> [W per phase]	V <sub>DC</sub> [V]	Qf	Run on Time [ms]	Remark s <sup>5)</sup>
1	33	33	0	-5	1,200	1098	154	0,976	304	IB
2	33	33	0	-4	1,250	1098	154	0,982	452	IB
3	33	33	0	-3	1,302	1098	154	0,987	388	IB
4	33	33	0	-2	1,355	1098	154	0,992	402	IB
5	33	33	0	-1	1,408	1098	154	0,997	378	IB
6	33	33	0	0	0,091	1098	154	1,002	482	BL
7	33	33	0	1	1,517	1098	154	1,007	420	IB
8	33	33	0	2	1,573	1098	154	1,012	276	IB
9	33	33	0	3	1,629	1098	154	1,017	292	IB
10	33	33	0	4	1,686	1098	154	1,022	466	IB
11	33	33	0	5	1,744	1098	154	1,027	382	IB

Parameter at 0% per phase	L= 153,05 MH	$R = 48,18 \Omega$	C= 66,20 μF
Indicate additional shut down time	included in above results.		20ms
(Disconnection device operation til	me)		20115

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### Note:

RLC is adjusted to min. +/-1% of the inverter rated output power

1) PEUT: EUT output power

<sup>2)</sup> P<sub>AC</sub>: Real power flow at S1 in Figure 1. Positive means power from EUT to utility. Nominal is the 0 % test condition value.

<sup>3)</sup> Q<sub>AC</sub>: Reactive power flow at S1 in Figure 1. Positive means power from EUT to utility. Nominal is the 0 % test condition value.

<sup>4)</sup> BL: Balance condition, IB: Imbalance condition.

Condition C:

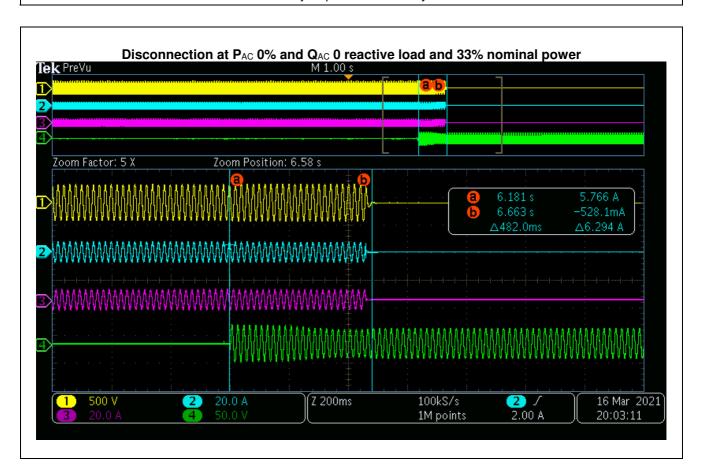
EUT output power PEUT = 25 % - 33 % <sup>5)</sup> of maximum

EUT input voltage  $^{6)}$  = <10 % of rated input voltage range

<sup>5)</sup> Or minimum allowable EUT output level if greater than 33 %.

 $^{6)}$  Based on EUT rated input operating range. For example, If range is between X volts and Y volts, 90 % of range =X + 0,1 × (Y - X). Y shall not exceed 0,8 × EUT maximum system voltage (i.e., maximum allowable array open circuit voltage). In any case, the EUT should not be operated outside of its allowable input voltage range.

The tests had been performed on the ME 10KTL-3PH are valid for the ME 5KTL-3PH, ME 6KTL-3PH, ME 8KTL-3PH since it is same as in hardware and just power derated by software.





A 1.2.5 Reconnection The test procedure in Anne (Synchronous).	Р					
Test should prove that the r of voltage and frequency to				num delay of 20 seco	nds for restoration	
	Und	er Volta	age(180V)			
Time dela	ıy setting			Measured delay	1	
20			73s			
	Over	· Voltaç	je(266,2V)			
Time dela		Measured delay				
20	s			73s		
		Freque	ency(47,4Hz)			
Time dela	y setting			Measured delay	/	
20	-		74s			
		reque	ncy(52,1Hz)			
Time dela	y setting			Measured delay	<u> </u>	
20	S			74s		
	Checks on no reco	nnectio	n when voltag stage 1 limit	e or frequency is brous s of table 1.	ught to just outside	
	At 266,2V		At 180V	At 47,4Hz	At 52,1Hz	
Confirmation that the SSEG does not re-	No reconnection	No r	econnection	No reconnection	No reconnection	

# Note:

connect.

The tests had been performed on the ME 10KTL-3PH are valid for the ME 5KTL-3PH, ME 6KTL-3PH, ME 8KTL-3PH since it is same as in hardware and just power derated by software.

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A1.2.6 Frequency Drift	ft and Step change	Stability test
------------------------	--------------------	----------------

The requirement is specified in section 11.3, test procedure in Annex A.1.2.6 (Inverter connected) or Annex A2 A.2.2.6 (Synchronous).

Р

	Start Frequency	Change End Frequency		Confirm no trip
Positive Vector Shift	49,0Hz	+50 degrees	- 4 7	No trip
Negative Vector Shift	50,0Hz	-50 degrees		No trip
Positive Frequency drift	49,0Hz	+0,95Hz/sec	51,0Hz	No trip
Negative Frequency drift	51,0Hz	-0,95Hz/sec	49,0Hz	No trip

### Note:

Manufacturers considering new designs should allow for the RoCoF where stability is required to be increased to, up to 2Hz per second, as proposed in the new European network codes, which are expected to come into force over the period 2014/2015. Under these conditions RoCoF will cease to be an effective loss of mains protection and is unlikely to be permitted in future revisions of this document.

For the step change test the SSEG should be operated with a measureable output at the start frequency and then a vector shift should be applied by extending or reducing the time of a single cycle with subsequent cycles returning to the start frequency. The start frequency should then be maintained for a period of at least 10 seconds to complete the test. The SSEG should not trip during this test.

For frequency drift tests the SSEG should be operated with a measureable output at the start frequency and then the frequency changed in a ramp function at 0,95Hz per second to the end frequency. On reaching the end frequency it should be maintained for a period of at least10 seconds. The SSEG should not trip during this test.

The tests had been performed on the ME 10KTL-3PH are valid for the ME 5KTL-3PH, ME 6KTL-3PH, ME 8KTL-3PH since it is same as in hardware and just power derated by software.

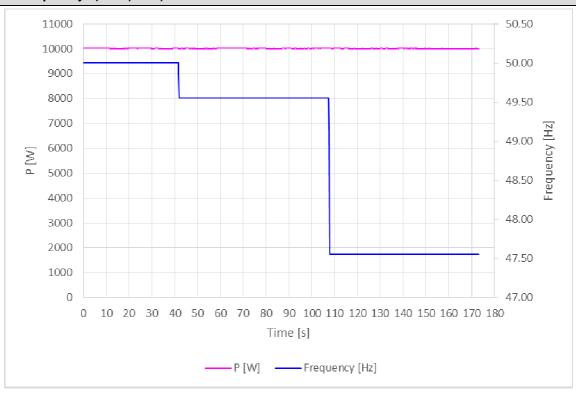


# A 1.2.7 Active power feed-in at under-frequency

This test should be carried out in accordance with EN 50438 Annex D.3.2 active power feed-in at under-frequency.

P

# Graph of frequency a) to b) to c):



# Test:

	Switch to:							
5-min mean value (each)	a) 50 ± 0,01 [Hz]	b) - 0,4 to - 0,5 [Hz]	c) - 2,4 to - 2,5 [Hz]					
Frequency [Hz]:	50,00	49,55	47,55					
Active power [kW]:	10,015	10,014	10,011					
ΔP/P <sub>M</sub> [%] per 1 Hz:			0,04%					

### Test:

Operating points b) and c) must be kept for at least 5 minutes.

The test must be carried out at 100% Pn.

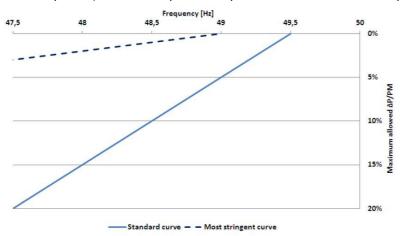
With a programmable AC source, the PGU is operated at 100%  $P_n$  and 50  $\pm$  0,01 Hz, thereafter the frequency is reduced by 1 Hz/min. to - 0,4 to - 0,5 Hz and in addition to - 2,4 to - 2,5 Hz. A 5-min mean value is recorded both before and after the frequency change.



### Assessment criterion:

The test is passed when the micro-generator

- does not disconnect from the network on a network frequency change at the operating points a) to c),
- continues to feed in 100% Pn in b) and
- the power reduction in point c) is less or equal to the power reduction of 10 % P<sub>M</sub> per 1 Hz drop.



Maximum allowable power reduction in case of under-frequency

### Note:

The tests had been performed on the ME 10KTL-3PH are valid for the ME 5KTL-3PH, ME 6KTL-3PH, ME 8KTL-3PH since it is same as in hardware and just power derated by software.



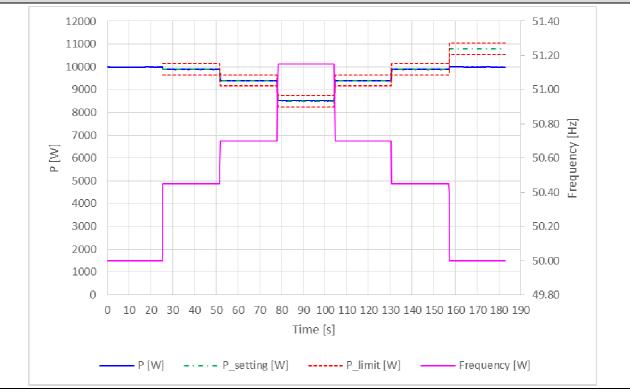
# A 1.2.8 Power response to over-frequency

This test should be carried out in accordance with EN 50438 Annex D.3.3 Power response to over- frequency. The test should be carried out using the specific threshold frequency of 50.4 Hz and Droop of 10%.

Ρ

Test:									
1-min mean value [Hz]:	a) 50,00	b) 50,45	c) 50,70	d) 51,15	e) 50,70	f) 50,45	g) 50,00		
1. Measurement a) to g): Active power output > 80% P <sub>n</sub>									
Frequency [Hz]:	50,00	50,45	50,70	51,15	50,70	50,45	50,00		
P <sub>M</sub> [W]:	N/A	9900	9400	8500	9400	9900	N/A		
P <sub>E</sub> 60 [W]:	9987	9887	9394	8506	9393	9886	9992		
$\Delta P_{E60}/P_{M}$ [%]:	N/A	-0,13	-0,06	0,06	-0,07	-0,14	N/A		
2. Measurement a) to g):	Active power	er output 40%	and 60% at	fter freezing	> 80% Pn				
Frequency [Hz]:	50,00	50,45	50,70	51,15	50,70	50,45	50,00		
P <sub>M</sub> [W]:	N/A	4950	4700	4250	4700	4950	N/A		
P <sub>E</sub> 60 [W]:	4998	4949	4706	4268	4706	4949	4998		
ΔP <sub>E60</sub> /P <sub>M</sub> [%]:	N/A	0,01	-0,06	-0,18	-0,06	0,01	N/A		
Limit ΔP/P <sub>1min</sub> :	<b>∆P/P<sub>1min</sub>:</b> 2,5 % of P <sub>M</sub>								

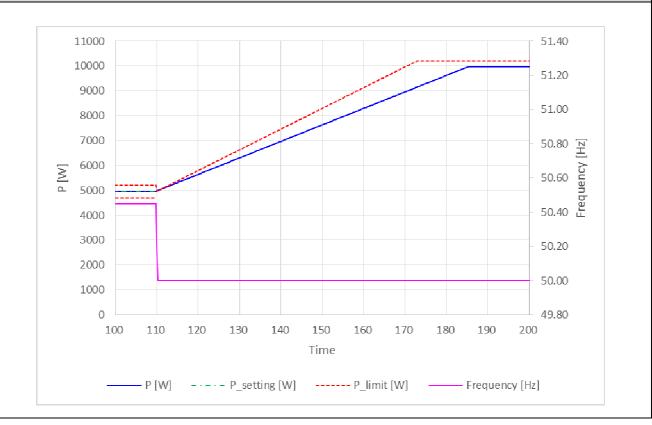
# Graph of Measurement 1.: Active power output > 80% P<sub>n</sub>













### Test:

The test is conducted for two powers. First, the test must start at a power >  $80\% P_n$  ("Measurement 1"), and in a second test, for a power between 40% to  $60\% P_n$  ("Measurement 2"). In the second test, after freezing of the  $P_M$ , the available active power output must be increased to a value >  $80\% P_n$ , and after the network frequency of 50.2 Hz is fallen below, the rise of the active power gradient must be recorded.

Point g) must be held until the micro-generator is again feeding in with the active power output available.

### Assessment criterion:

For f = 50,2 Hz, the value of the P<sub>M</sub> active power currently being generated is "frozen".

- a) For adjustable micro-generators when:
- 1) the active power reduces between measuring points b) and f) given above with the set gradient  $P_M$  per Hz for a increasing frequency (or rises for a frequency decreasing again).
- 2) the maximum active power gradient occurring in point is less than the configured maximum active power per minute
- 3) the reaction value of the setpoint determined by the gradient characteristic curve does not differ from  $P_n$  by more than  $\pm$  10%.
  - 4) the settling time is equal or below 2 s with an intentional delay set to zero
- b) For partly adjustable micro-generators
  - 1) when they behave as in a) within their adjustment range, and
- 2) when, outside the adjustable range, the power fed in on leaving the adjustment range remains constant until shutdown. Shutdown must be no later than at 51,5 Hz.

### Note:

The tests had been performed on the ME 10KTL-3PH are valid for the ME 5KTL-3PH, ME 6KTL-3PH, ME 8KTL-3PH since it is same as in hardware and just power derated by software.



A1.3.1 Harmonic Current Emissions
The test requirements are specified in Annex A1 A.1.3.1 (Inverter connected) or Annex A2 A.2.3.1 (Synchronous).

Ρ

ME 5KTL-3PH	l 1 phono					
		- (w)	1.00	DIAM	NIV MAY	*0.00/www.m
SSEG	rating per phase	e (rpp)	1,08	3kW	IN V = IVI V	*3,68/rpp
	At 45-55% o	f rated ouput	100% of re	ated output	-	
	0,84		1,68			
Harmonic	Measured	Measured	Measured	Measured	Limit inBS	Higher limit
riarmonio	Value (MV)	Value (MV)	Value (MV)	Value (MV)	EN61000-3-2	for odd
	in Amps	in %	in Amps	in %	in Amps	harmonics 21
		, •	,	, •		and above
1nd	3,653		7,340			
2nd	0,017	0,461	0,032	0,430	1,080	
3rd	0,049	1,345	0,094	1,278	2,300	
4th	0,001	0,035	0,002	0,031	0,430	
5th	0,019	0,533	0,035	0,479	1,140	
6th	0,002	0,068	0,004	0,054	0,300	
7th	0,014	0,395	0,026	0,349	0,770	
8th	0,001	0,030	0,002	0,027	0,230	
9th	0,009	0,250	0,019	0,261	0,400	
10th	0,001	0,031	0,002	0,022	0,184	
11th	0,007	0,188	0,012	0,166	0,330	
12th	0,001	0,023	0,002	0,021	0,153	
13th	0,005	0,138	0,009	0,119	0,210	
14th	0,001	0,027	0,001	0,018	0,131	
15th	0,003	0,073	0,006	0,087	0,150	
16th	0,001	0,025	0,001	0,016	0,115	
17th	0,003	0,073	0,005	0,064	0,132	
18th	0,001	0,021	0,001	0,016	0,102	
19th	0,002	0,049	0,003	0,045	0,118	
20th	0,001	0,027	0,001	0,016	0,092	
21th	0,001	0,024	0,002	0,032	0,107	0,160
22th	0,001	0,021	0,001	0,014	0,084	
23th	0,001	0,033	0,002	0,033	0,098	0,147
24th	0,001	0,025	0,001	0,016	0,077	
25th	0,001	0,019	0,002	0,025	0,090	0,135
26th	0,001	0,026	0,001	0,017	0,071	
27th	0,001	0,018	0,001	0,019	0,083	0,124
28th	0,001	0,020	0,001	0,014	0,066	
29th	0,001	0,024	0,002	0,029	0,078	0,117
30th	0,001	0,024	0,001	0,017	0,061	
31th	0,001	0,018	0,002	0,026	0,073	0,109
32th	0,001	0,023	0,001	0,015	0,058	
33th	0,001	0,018	0,001	0,017	0,068	0,102
34th	0,001	0,022	0,001	0,015	0,054	0.00
35th	0,001	0,022	0,002	0,024	0,064	0,096
36th	0,001	0,024	0,001	0,017	0,051	0.651
37th	0,001	0,018	0,002	0,021	0,061	0,091
38th	0,001	0,023	0,001	0,014	0,048	0.007
39th	0,001	0,019	0,001	0,014	0,058	0,087
40th	0,001	0,020	0,001	0,013	0,046	
THD_[%]	1,617		1,520		23	
PWHD_[%]	4,275		3,987		23	

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# **A1.3.1 Harmonic Current Emissions**

The test requirements are specified in Annex A1 A.1.3.1 (Inverter connected) or Annex A2 A.2.3.1 (Synchronous).

Ρ

ME 5KTL-3PH	L2 phase					
	rating per phase	e (rpp)	1,68	3kW	NV=MV*3,68/rpp	
		f rated ouput		ated output		
	0,84			BkW		1
Harmonic	Measured	Measured	Measured	Measured	Limit inBS	Higher limit
	Value (MV)	Value (MV)	Value (MV)	Value (MV)	EN61000-3-2	for odd
	in Amps	in %	in Amps	in %	in Amps	harmonics 21
4 .a. al	0.004		7.045			and above
1nd	3,604	0.460	7,245	 0.425	1 000	
2nd 3rd	0,017 0,049	0,460 1,366	0,032 0,094	0,435 1,297	1,080 2,300	
4th	0,049	0,034	0,002	0,030	0,430	
5th	0,001	0,528	0,002	0,030	1,140	
6th	0,003	0,070	0,004	0,464	0,300	
7th	0,003	0,396	0,026	0,356	0,300	
8th	0,001	0,031	0,020	0,025	0,770	
9th	0,009	0,258	0,002	0,025	0,400	
10th	0,009	0,032	0,002	0,025	0,400	
11th	0,006	0,169	0,002	0,153	0,330	
12th	0,000	0,026	0,002	0,022	0,153	
13th	0,005	0,136	0,002	0,120	0,130	
14th	0,001	0,027	0,001	0,019	0,131	
15th	0,003	0,078	0,006	0,089	0,150	
16th	0,001	0,029	0,001	0,019	0,130	
17th	0,002	0,056	0,003	0,048	0,132	
18th	0,001	0,022	0,001	0,017	0,102	
19th	0,002	0,049	0,003	0,037	0,118	
20th	0,001	0,021	0,001	0,015	0,092	
21th	0,001	0,030	0,002	0,027	0,107	0,160
22th	0,001	0,028	0,001	0,018	0,084	5,100
23th	0,001	0,029	0,001	0,021	0,098	0,147
24th	0,001	0,021	0,001	0,015	0,077	,
25th	0,001	0,032	0,001	0,019	0,090	0,135
26th	0,001	0,019	0,001	0,014	0,071	,
27th	0,001	0,033	0,002	0,021	0,083	0,124
28th	0,001	0,028	0,001	0,018	0,066	
29th	0,001	0,029	0,002	0,024	0,078	0,117
30th	0,001	0,020	0,001	0,015	0,061	
31th	0,001	0,040	0,002	0,025	0,073	0,109
32th	0,001	0,016	0,001	0,014	0,058	
33th	0,001	0,037	0,002	0,023	0,068	0,102
34th	0,001	0,026	0,001	0,017	0,054	
35th	0,001	0,032	0,002	0,025	0,064	0,096
36th	0,001	0,018	0,001	0,013	0,051	
37th	0,002	0,046	0,002	0,028	0,061	0,091
38th	0,001	0,018	0,001	0,015	0,048	
39th	0,001	0,038	0,002	0,023	0,058	0,087
40th	0,001	0,025	0,001	0,016	0,046	
THD_[%]	1,633		1,539		23	
PWHD_[%]	4,696		3,992		23	



# **A1.3.1 Harmonic Current Emissions**

The test requirements are specified in Annex A1 A.1.3.1 (Inverter connected) or Annex A2 A.2.3.1 (Synchronous).

Ρ

ME 5KTL-3PH	L3 phase						
	rating per phase	e (rpp)	1,68	3kW	NV=MV	NV=MV*3,68/rpp	
		f rated ouput		ated output			
	0,84		1,68				
Harmonic	Measured	Measured	Measured	Measured	Limit inBS	Higher limit	
	Value (MV)	Value (MV)	Value (MV)	Value (MV)	EN61000-3-2	for odd	
	in Amps	in %	in Amps	in %	in Amps	harmonics 21	
1nd	3,651		7,341			and above	
2nd	0,016	0,448	0,030	0,412	1,080		
3rd	0,050	1,357	0,030	1,290	2,300		
4th	0,001	0,033	0,002	0,030	0,430		
5th	0,001	0,562	0,002	0,511	1,140		
6th	0,003	0,071	0,004	0,054	0,300		
7th	0,003	0,391	0,026	0,355	0,770		
8th	0,001	0,027	0,020	0,023	0,230		
9th	0,009	0,256	0,020	0,267	0,400		
10th	0,003	0,028	0,020	0,020	0,184		
11th	0,007	0,192	0,013	0,175	0,330		
12th	0,001	0,023	0,001	0,019	0,153		
13th	0,005	0,124	0,008	0,111	0,210		
14th	0,001	0,021	0,001	0,014	0,131		
15th	0,003	0,082	0,007	0,097	0,150		
16th	0,001	0,018	0,001	0,013	0,115		
17th	0,002	0,068	0,004	0,056	0,132		
18th	0,001	0,016	0,001	0,011	0,102		
19th	0,001	0,039	0,003	0,035	0,118		
20th	0,001	0,019	0,001	0,012	0,092		
21th	0,001	0,027	0,002	0,027	0,107	0,160	
22th	0,001	0,014	0,001	0,011	0,084	,	
23th	0,001	0,029	0,001	0,016	0,098	0,147	
24th	0,000	0,013	0,001	0,009	0,077	·	
25th	0,001	0,028	0,001	0,019	0,090	0,135	
26th	0,001	0,020	0,001	0,014	0,071		
27th	0,001	0,033	0,002	0,021	0,083	0,124	
28th	0,001	0,014	0,001	0,012	0,066		
29th	0,001	0,029	0,001	0,017	0,078	0,117	
30th	0,001	0,014	0,001	0,011	0,061		
31th	0,001	0,032	0,002	0,024	0,073	0,109	
32th	0,001	0,020	0,001	0,014	0,058		
33th	0,001	0,033	0,002	0,022	0,068	0,102	
34th	0,001	0,015	0,001	0,012	0,054		
35th	0,002	0,044	0,002	0,024	0,064	0,096	
36th	0,001	0,015	0,001	0,011	0,051		
37th	0,001	0,038	0,002	0,025	0,061	0,091	
38th	0,001	0,020	0,001	0,015	0,048		
39th	0,001	0,037	0,002	0,021	0,058	0,087	
40th	0,000	0,012	0,001	0,011	0,046		
THD_[%]	1,632		1,536		23		
PWHD_[%]	4,409		3,760		23		



# **A1.3.1 Harmonic Current Emissions**

The test requirements are specified in Annex A1 A.1.3.1 (Inverter connected) or Annex A2 A.2.3.1 (Synchronous).

Р

ME 10KTL-3PH	I L1 phase					
	rating per phase	e (rpp)	3,34	kW	NV=MV*3,68/rpp	
		· · · · ·	·			
	At 45-55% o			ated output		
	1,68		3,34			I
Harmonic	Measured	Measured	Measured	Measured	Limit inBS	Higher limit
	Value (MV) in Amps	Value (MV) in %	Value (MV) in Amps	Value (MV) in %	EN61000-3-2 in Amps	for odd harmonics 21
	iii Ailips	111 /0	III Allips	111 /0	iii Ailips	and above
1nd	7,336		14,523			and above
2nd	0,034	0,467	0,058	0,401	1,080	
3rd	0,094	1,278	0,169	1,164	2,300	
4th	0,002	0,032	0,005	0,032	0,430	
5th	0,035	0,479	0,056	0,388	1,140	
6th	0,004	0,053	0,008	0,057	0,300	
7th	0,026	0,349	0,041	0,282	0,770	
8th	0,002	0,027	0,003	0,022	0,230	
9th	0,019	0,259	0,031	0,213	0,400	
10th	0,002	0,022	0,003	0,020	0,184	
11th	0,012	0,165	0,020	0,136	0,330	
12th	0,002	0,021	0,003	0,019	0,153	
13th	0,009	0,120	0,014	0,093	0,210	
14th	0,001	0,019	0,002	0,016	0,131	
15th	0,006	0,088	0,010	0,071	0,150	
16th	0,001	0,017	0,002	0,016	0,115	
17th	0,005	0,062	0,006	0,043	0,132	
18th	0,001	0,016	0,002	0,015	0,102	
19th	0,003	0,044	0,004	0,031	0,118	
20th	0,001	0,017	0,002	0,016	0,092	0.400
21th	0,002	0,032	0,005	0,034	0,107	0,160
22th	0,001	0,015	0,002	0,014	0,084	0.147
23th 24th	0,002	0,031 0,017	0,004	0,025	0,098	0,147
25th	0,001 0,002	0,017	0,002 0,004	0,016 0,026	0,077 0,090	0,135
26th	0,002	0,024	0,004	0,026	0,090	0,133
27th	0,001	0,017	0,002	0,017	0,071	0,124
28th	0,001	0,014	0,002	0,017	0,066	0,124
29th	0,002	0,029	0,004	0,031	0,078	0,117
30th	0,001	0,017	0,002	0,016	0,061	0,117
31th	0,002	0,026	0,004	0,031	0,073	0,109
32th	0,001	0,014	0,002	0,015	0,058	5,
33th	0,001	0,015	0,002	0,013	0,068	0,102
34th	0,001	0,014	0,002	0,013	0,054	-,
35th	0,002	0,023	0,004	0,029	0,064	0,096
36th	0,001	0,017	0,002	0,016	0,051	
37th	0,002	0,022	0,005	0,031	0,061	0,091
38th	0,001	0,013	0,002	0,013	0,048	
39th	0,001	0,014	0,002	0,012	0,058	0,087
40th	0,001	0,013	0,002	0,013	0,046	
THD_[%]	1,530		1,357		23	
PWHD_[%]	3,978		3,910		23	



# **A1.3.1 Harmonic Current Emissions**

The test requirements are specified in Annex A1 A.1.3.1 (Inverter connected) or Annex A2 A.2.3.1 (Synchronous).

Ρ

ME 10KTL-3PH_L2 phase							
	rating per phase	e (rpp)	3,34	· kW	NV=MV*3,68/rpp		
						• •	
		f rated ouput		ated output	]		
	1,68	kW	3,34	kW			
Harmonic	Measured	Measured	Measured	Measured	Limit inBS	Higher limit	
	Value (MV)	Value (MV)	Value (MV)	Value (MV)	EN61000-3-2	for odd	
	in Amps	in %	in Amps	in %	in Amps	harmonics 21	
						and above	
1nd	7,239		14,353				
2nd	0,034	0,471	0,058	0,403	1,080		
3rd	0,094	1,298	0,169	1,178	2,300		
4th	0,002	0,028	0,004	0,028	0,430		
5th	0,035	0,484	0,056	0,393	1,140		
6th	0,004	0,055	0,008	0,057	0,300		
7th	0,026	0,357	0,042	0,292	0,770		
8th	0,002	0,025	0,003	0,018	0,230		
9th	0,019	0,265	0,031	0,217	0,400		
10th	0,002	0,025	0,003	0,020	0,184		
11th	0,011	0,152	0,018	0,127	0,330		
12th	0,002	0,022	0,002	0,017	0,153		
13th	0,009	0,119	0,014	0,097	0,210		
14th	0,001	0,020	0,002	0,013	0,131		
15th	0,006	0,088	0,011	0,074	0,150		
16th	0,001	0,021	0,002	0,014	0,115		
17th	0,003	0,047	0,005	0,033	0,132		
18th	0,001	0,017	0,002	0,011	0,102		
19th	0,003	0,036	0,004	0,026	0,118		
20th	0,001	0,016	0,001	0,010	0,092		
21th	0,002	0,026	0,004	0,026	0,107	0,160	
22th	0,001	0,019	0,002	0,012	0,084		
23th	0,001	0,020	0,002	0,015	0,098	0,147	
24th	0,001	0,016	0,002	0,011	0,077		
25th	0,001	0,020	0,002	0,012	0,090	0,135	
26th	0,001	0,015	0,001	0,009	0,071		
27th	0,001	0,020	0,002	0,012	0,083	0,124	
28th	0,001	0,020	0,002	0,012	0,066		
29th	0,002	0,025	0,003	0,023	0,078	0,117	
30th	0,001	0,014	0,002	0,012	0,061		
31th	0,002	0,028	0,002	0,017	0,073	0,109	
32th	0,001	0,014	0,001	0,009	0,058		
33th	0,002	0,022	0,002	0,015	0,068	0,102	
34th	0,001	0,019	0,002	0,011	0,054		
35th	0,002	0,026	0,003	0,023	0,064	0,096	
36th	0,001	0,014	0,002	0,012	0,051		
37th	0,002	0,031	0,003	0,021	0,061	0,091	
38th	0,001	0,015	0,001	0,010	0,048		
39th	0,002	0,024	0,002	0,014	0,058	0,087	
40th	0,001	0,017	0,001	0,010	0,046		
THD_[%]	1,550		1,371		23		
PWHD_[%]	4,042		3,406		23		



# **A1.3.1 Harmonic Current Emissions**

The test requirements are specified in Annex A1 A.1.3.1 (Inverter connected) or Annex A2 A.2.3.1 (Synchronous).

Ρ

ME 10KTL-3PH	1 L3 phase					
	rating per phase	e (rpp)	3.34	ł kW	NV=MV	*3,68/rpp
	roming per priore	(- - -)	,,,,			-,, ·   -  -
	At 45-55% o	f rated ouput	100% of ra	ated output		
	1,68		3,34			
Harmonic	Measured	Measured	Measured	Measured	Limit inBS	Higher limit
	Value (MV)	Value (MV)	Value (MV)	Value (MV)	EN61000-3-2	for odd
	in Amps	in %	in Amps	in %	in Amps	harmonics 21
						and above
1nd	7,340		14,549			
2nd	0,033	0,455	0,056	0,383	1,080	
3rd	0,095	1,290	0,170	1,166	2,300	
4th	0,002	0,029	0,004	0,029	0,430	
5th	0,038	0,512	0,061	0,421	1,140	
6th	0,004	0,055	0,008	0,057	0,300	
7th	0,026	0,355	0,041	0,283	0,770	
8th	0,002	0,023	0,003	0,019	0,230	
9th	0,020	0,267	0,031	0,215	0,400	
10th	0,001	0,020	0,002	0,016	0,184	
11th	0,013	0,174	0,022	0,152	0,330	
12th	0,001	0,018	0,002	0,016	0,153	
13th	0,008	0,111	0,013	0,090	0,210	
14th	0,001	0,015	0,002	0,010	0,131	
15th	0,007	0,096	0,011	0,075	0,150	
16th	0,001	0,013	0,002	0,011	0,115	
17th	0,004	0,057	0,006	0,040	0,132	
18th	0,001	0,012	0,001	0,009	0,102	
19th	0,002	0,034	0,003	0,024	0,118	
20th	0,001	0,013	0,001	0,008	0,092	
21th	0,002	0,025	0,003	0,022	0,107	0,160
22th	0,001	0,011	0,001	0,009	0,084	
23th	0,001	0,015	0,001	0,010	0,098	0,147
24th	0,001	0,010	0,001	0,008	0,077	
25th	0,001	0,019	0,002	0,012	0,090	0,135
26th	0,001	0,015	0,001	0,008	0,071	
27th	0,001	0,018	0,002	0,015	0,083	0,124
28th	0,001	0,013	0,002	0,010	0,066	
29th	0,001	0,017	0,002	0,014	0,078	0,117
30th	0,001	0,011	0,001	0,009	0,061	
31th	0,002	0,024	0,003	0,019	0,073	0,109
32th	0,001	0,015	0,001	0,009	0,058	
33th	0,002	0,022	0,002	0,017	0,068	0,102
34th	0,001	0,011	0,001	0,009	0,054	
35th	0,002	0,024	0,002	0,016	0,064	0,096
36th	0,001	0,012	0,001	0,009	0,051	
37th	0,002	0,025	0,003	0,021	0,061	0,091
38th	0,001	0,016	0,002	0,011	0,048	
39th	0,001	0,020	0,002	0,014	0,058	0,087
40th	0,001	0,011	0,001	0,009	0,046	
THD_[%]	1,549		1,363		23	
PWHD_[%]	3,771		3,256		23	



### **A1.3.1 Harmonic Current Emissions**

The test requirements are specified in Annex A1 A.1.3.1 (Inverter connected) or Annex A2 A.2.3.1 (Synchronous).

Ρ

### Note:

The higher limits for odd harmonics 21 and above are only allowable under certain conditions, if these higher limits are utilised please state the exemption used as detailed in part 6.2.3.4 of BS EN 61000-3-2 in the box below.

The tests had been performed on the ME 10KTL-3PH and ME 5KTL-3PH are valid for the ME 6KTL-3PH, ME 8KTL-3PH since it is same as in hardware and just power derated by software.

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A1.3.2 Power factor The requirement is specified in section 9.5, test procedure in Annex A1 A.1.3.2 (Inverter connected) or Annex A2 A.2.3.2 (Synchronous).							
ME 5KTL-3PH							
Output power	216,2 V	230,0 V	253,0 V				
20%	0,9981i	0,9969i	0,9952i	Measured at t			
50%	0,9994i	0,9995i	0,9994i	levels and at			
75%	0,9996i	0,9996i	0,9995i	Voltage to be within ±1.5%	of the stated		
100%	0,9996i	0,9996i	0,9996i	level during th	ne test.		
Limit	>0,95	>0,95	>0,95				
ME 10KTL-3PH				,			
Output power	216,2 V	230 V	253 20 V				
20%	0,99694i	0,9684i	0,9706i	Measured at	three voltage		
50%	0,9978i	0,9975i	0,9957i	levels and at	full output.		
75%	0,9988i	0,9989i	0,9985i	Voltage to be within ±1.5%	of the stated		
100%	0,9994i	0,9993i	0,9992i	level during th	ne test.		
Limit	>0,95	>0,95	>0,95				

### Note:

The power factor capability of the SSEG shall conform to EN 50438. When operating at Registered Capacity the SSEGshall operate at a power factor within the range 0.95 lagging to 0.95 leading relative to the voltage waveform unless otherwise agreed with the DNO eg for power factor improvement.

The test set up shall be such that the Inverter supplies full load to the DNO's Distribution System via the power factor (pf) meter and the variac as shown below in figure A5. The Inverter pf should be within the limits given in 5.6, for three test voltages 230 V - 6%, 230 V and 230 V + 10%.

The tests had been performed on the ME 10KTL-3PH and ME 5KTL-3PH are valid for the ME 6KTL-3PH, ME 8KTL-3PH since it is same as in hardware and just power derated by software.



A 1.3.3 Voltage Flicker
The requirement is specified in section 5.4.2, test procedure in Annex A or B 1.4.3

Ρ

	<sub> </sub>		Starting	9		Stopping	3	Run	ning
	Phase	d <sub>max</sub>	dc	d <sub>(t)</sub>	d <sub>max</sub>	dc	d <sub>(t)</sub>	P <sub>st</sub>	P <sub>lt</sub> 2 hours
Measured values at test impedance	L1	0,187	0,110		0,168	0,107		0,078	0,068
Normalised to standard impedance	L1	0,187	0,110		0,168	0,107		0,078	0,068
Normalised to required maximum impedance	L1	0,187	0,110		0,168	0,107		0,078	0,068
Measured values at test impedance	L2	0,140	0,027		0,133	0,025		0,154	0,148
Normalised to standard impedance	L2	0,140	0,027		0,133	0,025		0,154	0,148
Normalised to required maximum impedance	L2	0,140	0,027		0,133	0,025		0,154	0,148
Measured values at test impedance	L3	0,001	0,001		0,001	0,001		0,067	0,059
Normalised to standard impedance	L3	0,001	0,001		0,001	0,001		0,067	0,059
Normalised to required maximum impedance	L3	0,001	0,001		0,001	0,001		0,067	0,059
Limits set under 61000-3-		4%	3,3%	3,3% 500ms	4%	3,3%	3,3% 500ms	1,0	0,65
Test impeda	nce	R		0,24	Ω		XI	0,15	Ω
i est impeda		Z		0,283	Ω				
Standard impa	dance	R		0,24	Ω		ΧI	0,15	Ω
Standard impe	uance	Z		0,283	Ω				
		R		0,24	Ω		ΧI	0,15	Ω
Maximum Impe	edance	Z		0,283	Ω				



# A 1.3.3 Voltage Flicker

The requirement is specified in section 5.4.2, test procedure in Annex A or B 1.4.3

P

ME	101	KTI	3PI	4

ME 10KTL-3PH										
	Phase		Starting	<u> </u>		Stopping	9	Run	Running	
	Filase	d <sub>max</sub>	dc	d <sub>(t)</sub>	d <sub>max</sub>	dc	d <sub>(t)</sub>	P <sub>st</sub>	P <sub>lt</sub> 2 hours	
Measured values at test impedance	L1	1,28	0,25		1,23	0,26		0,35	0,29	
Normalised to standard impedance	L1	1,28	0,25		1,23	0,26		0,35	0,29	
Normalised to required maximum impedance	L1	1,28	0,25		1,23	0,26		0,35	0,29	
Measured values at test impedance	L2	1,23	0,28		1,27	0,31		0,33	0,29	
Normalised to standard impedance	L2	1,23	0,28		1,27	0,31		0,33	0,29	
Normalised to required maximum impedance	L2	1,23	0,28		1,27	0,31		0,33	0,29	
Measured values at test impedance	L3	1,01	0,39		1,07	0,21		0,27	0,26	
Normalised to standard impedance	L3	1,01	0,39		1,07	0,21		0,27	0,26	
Normalised to required maximum impedance	L3	1,01	0,39		1,07	0,21		0,27	0,26	
Limits set under 61000-3-		4%	3,3%	3,3% 500ms	4%	3,3%	3,3% 500ms	1,0	0,65	
		R		0,24	Ω		ΧI	0,15	Ω	
Test impeda	ınce	Z		0,283	Ω				ı	
Chandend in	do:so -	R		0,24	Ω		ΧI	0,15	Ω	
Standard impe	uance	Z		0,283	Ω				•	
Maximore	alanas -	R		0,24	Ω		ΧI	0,15	Ω	
Maximum Impe	euance	Z		0,283	Ω				•	

# Note:

Mains Impedance according EN61000-3-3:  $R_{max} = 0,24\Omega$ ;  $jX_{max} = 0,15\Omega$  @50Hz ( $|Z_{max}| = 0,283 / 0,472 \Omega$ ) For single phase inverter Zmax + Rn and jxn  $R_n = 0,16\Omega$ ;  $jX_n = 0,1\Omega$ 

Calculation of the maximum permissible grid impedance at the point of common coupling based on d<sub>c</sub>:  $Z_{max} = Z_{ref} * 3.3\% / d_c(P_n)$ 

<sup>\*</sup>The stationary deviance of dc% is more relevant than the dynamic deviance of d<sub>max</sub> at starting and stopping.



# A 1.3.3 Voltage Flicker

The requirement is specified in section 5.4.2, test procedure in Annex A or B 1.4.3

Ρ

The tests should be based on the limits of the EN61000-3-3 for less than 16A.

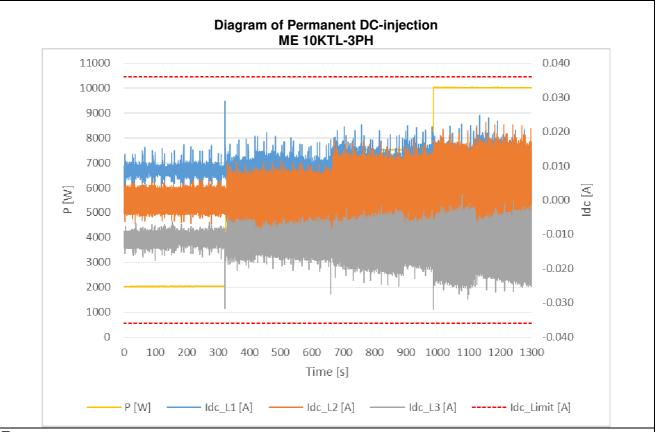
The tests had been performed on the ME 10KTL-3PH and ME 5KTL-3PH are valid for the ME 6KTL-3PH, ME 8KTL-3PH since it is same as in hardware and just power derated by software.





Synchronous).				
ME 5KTL-3PH				
Test level power	20%	50%	75%	100%
Recorded value in Amps[A] _L1	0,005	0,006	0,009	0,010
As % of rated AC current _L1	0,074	0,089	0,119	0,139
Recorded value in Amps[A] _L2	0,003	0,006	0,010	0,013
As % of rated AC current _L2	0,046	0,083	0,138	0,182
Recorded value in Amps[A] _L3	0,008	0,010	0,012	0,014
As % of rated AC current _L3	0,104	0,133	0,163	0,193
Limit	0,25%	0,25%	0,25%	0,25%
ME 10KTL-3PH				
Test level power	20%	50%	75%	100%
Recorded value in Amps[A] _L1	0,016	0,020	0,022	0,025
As % of rated AC current _L1	0,110	0,138	0,152	0,172
Recorded value in Amps[A] _L2	0,007	0,013	0,018	0,023
As % of rated AC current _L2	0,048	0,090	0,124	0,159
Recorded value in Amps[A] _L3	0,018	0,021	0,025	0,029
As % of rated AC current _L3	0,124	0,145 0,25%	0,172 0,25%	0,299 0,25%
Dia	0,25% agram of Permane ME 5KTL	ent DC-injection	,	
<b>Di</b> a	agram of Permane	ent DC-injection	,	0,2376
5500 5000	agram of Permane	ent DC-injection	·	
5500 5000 4500	agram of Permane	ent DC-injection -3PH	- c	0.020
5500 5000 4500 4000	agram of Permane ME 5KTL	ent DC-injection -3PH	- 0	0.020
5500 5000 4500 4000 3500	agram of Permane ME 5KTL	ent DC-injection -3PH	- 0	0.020 0.015 0.010 0.005
5500 5000 4500 4000 3500 ≥ 3000 ≥ 2500	agram of Permane ME 5KTL	ent DC-injection -3PH	- 0	).020 ).015 ).010
5500 5000 4500 4000 3500 ≥ 3000 ≥ 2500	agram of Permane ME 5KTL	ent DC-injection -3PH		0.020 0.015 0.010 0.005
5500 5000 4500 4000 3500 ≥ 3000 ≥ 2500 2000 1500	agram of Permane ME 5KTL	ent DC-injection -3PH		0.020 0.015 0.010 0.005 0.000 \( \frac{\mathred{A}}{2} \)
5500 5000 4500 4000 3500 2500 2000 1500 1000	agram of Permane ME 5KTL	ent DC-injection -3PH		0.020 0.015 0.010 0.005 0.000 0.0005
5500 5000 4500 4000 3500 ≥ 3000 ≥ 2500 2000 1500	agram of Permane ME 5KTL	ent DC-injection -3PH		0.020 0.015 0.010 0.005 0.000 <u>\frac{\frac{1}{2}}{2}</u> 0.005



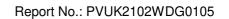


### Test:

The level of DC injection from the Inverter-connected PV generator in to the DNO's Distribution System shall not exceed the levels specified in 5.5 when measured during operation at three levels, 20%, 50%, 75% and 100% of rating with a tolerance of plus or minus 5%.

The tests had been performed on the ME 10KTL-3PH and ME 5KTL-3PH are valid for the ME 6KTL-3PH, ME 8KTL-3PH since it is same as in hardware and just power derated by software.

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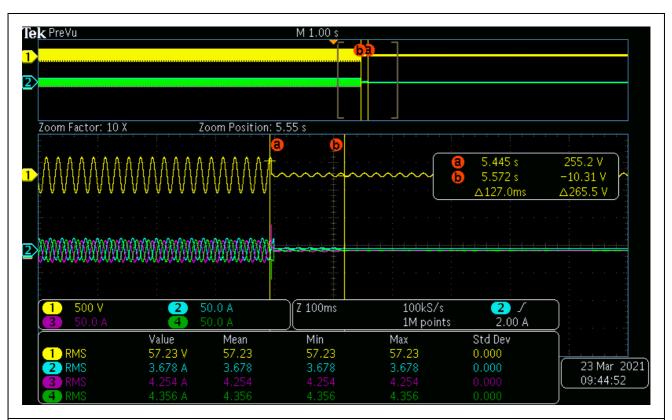




A 1.3.5 Short Circuit Current Contr The test procedure in Annex A1 A.1.3 (Synchronous).			or Annex A2 A.2.3	3.5	Р
For a directly couple	d SSEG		F	or a Inverter SSEG	<u> </u>
1 of a directly couple		L1	1		4
Parameter	Symbol	Value	Time after fault	Volts	Amps
Peak Short Circuit current	İρ	N/A	20ms	34,8 V	3,905A
Initial Value of aperiodic current	Α	N/A	100ms	32,0 V	2,761A
Initial symmetrical short-circuit current*	I <sub>k</sub>	N/A	250ms	36,8 V	2,584A
Decaying (aperiodic) component of short circuit current*	i <sub>DC</sub>	N/A	500ms	N/A	N/A
Reactance/Resistance Ratio of source*	X/ <sub>R</sub>	N/A	Time to trip	0,124s	In seconds
		L2	1		_
Parameter	Symbol	Value	Time after fault	Volts	Amps
Peak Short Circuit current	$i_{ ho}$	N/A	20ms	60,0 V	7,087A
Initial Value of aperiodic current	А	N/A	100ms	35,9 V	3,384A
Initial symmetrical short-circuit current*	I <sub>k</sub>	N/A	250ms	36,6 V	2,700A
Decaying (aperiodic) component of short circuit current*	<b>i</b> DC	N/A	500ms	N/A	N/A
Reactance/Resistance Ratio of source*	X/ <sub>R</sub>	N/A	Time to trip	0,127s	In seconds
		L3			
Parameter	Symbol	Value	Time after fault	Volts	Amps
Peak Short Circuit current	$i_p$	N/A	20ms	74,7 V	10,45A
Initial Value of aperiodic current	Α	N/A	100ms	43,74 V	4,802A
Initial symmetrical short-circuit current*	I <sub>k</sub>	N/A	250ms	37,3 V	3,071A
Decaying (aperiodic) component of short circuit current*	İDC	N/A	500ms	N/A	N/A
Reactance/Resistance Ratio of source*	X/ <sub>R</sub>	N/A	Time to trip	0,115s	In seconds

Testing procedure: LVRT 10 – 15 % U<sub>NOM</sub> with > 500 ms shall be recorded





### Note:

The values of voltage and current should be recorded for a period of up to 1 second when the changeover switch should be returned to the normal position. The voltage and current at relevant times shall be recorded in the type test report including the time taken for the Inverter to trip.

The tests had been performed on the ME 10KTL-3PH are valid for the ME 5KTL-3PH, ME 6KTL-3PH, ME 8KTL-3PH since it is same as in hardware and just power derated by software.



A1.3.6 Self Monitoring – Solid state Disconnection The test procedure in Annex A1 A.1.3.6 (Inverter connected) or Annex A2 A.2.3.6 (Synchronous).	N/A
It has been verified that in the event of the solid state switching device failing to disconnect the SSEG, the voltage on the output side of the switching device is reduced to a value below 50 volts within 0.5 seconds.	N/A

A 1.3.7 Electromagnetic Compatibillity (EMC)	Р
All equipment shall comply with the generic EMC standards: BS EN61000-6-3: 2007 Electromagnetic Compatibility, Generic Emission Standard; and BS EN61000-6-1: 2007 Electromagnetic Compatibility, Generic Immunity Standard.	
Note:	

Logic Interface (Input port)	Р
Confirm that an input port is provided and can be used to shut down the module.	Yes

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# **Annex 1** Pictures of the unit

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## Enclosure front view ME 5KTL-3PH to ME 10KTL-3PH



Enclosure side view-1
ME 5KTL-3PH to ME 10KTL-3PH



TRF No. G98/1 VER.2





## Enclosure side view-2 ME 5KTL-3PH to ME 10KTL-3PH



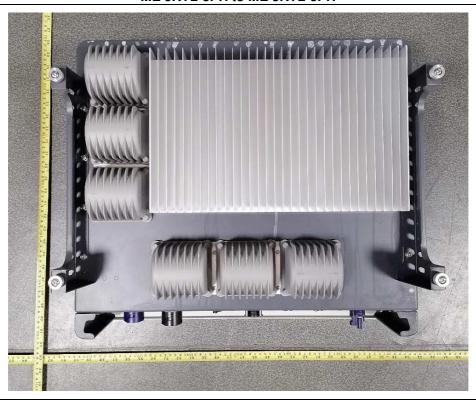
## Enclosure rear view ME 10KTL-3PH



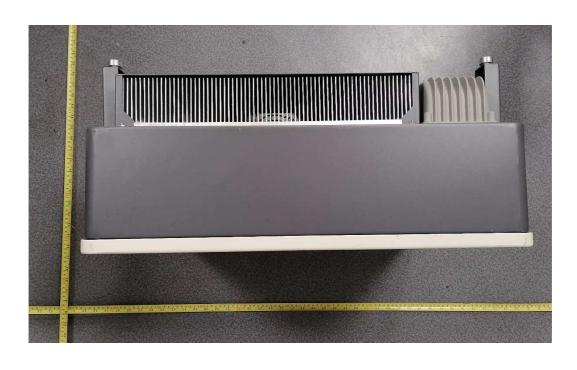




## Enclosure rear view ME 5KTL-3PH to ME 8KTL-3PH



Enclosure top view ME 5KTL-3PH to ME 10KTL-3PH







## Enclosure teminal view ME 10KTL-3PH



Enclosure teminal view ME 5KTL-3PH to ME 8KTL-3PH



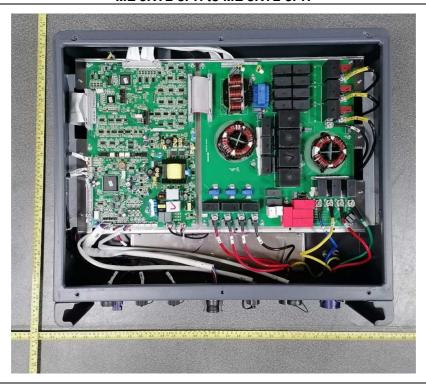




## Internal view -1 ME 10KTL-3PH



Internal view -2
ME 5KTL-3PH to ME 8KTL-3PH







## Internal view -3 ME 10KTL-3PH



Internal view -4
ME 5KTL-3PH to ME 8KTL-3PH







## Internal view -5 ME 10KTL-3PH



Internal view -6
ME 5KTL-3PH to ME 8KTL-3PH



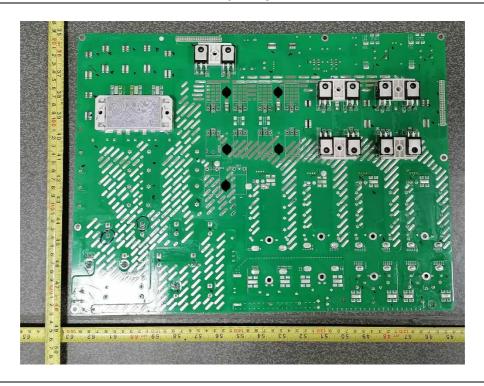




## Main power board - component side view ME 10KTL-3PH



Main power board - solder side view ME 10KTL-3PH



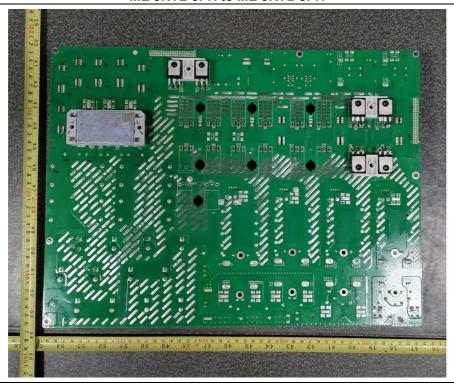




## Main power board - component side view ME 5KTL-3PH to ME 8KTL-3PH



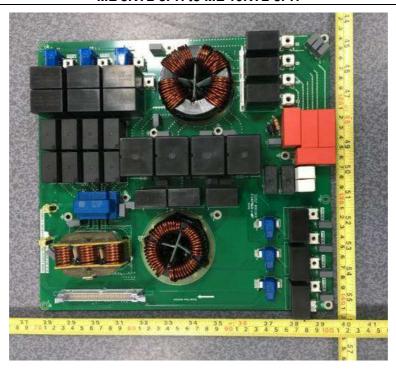
Main power board - solder side view ME 5KTL-3PH to ME 8KTL-3PH



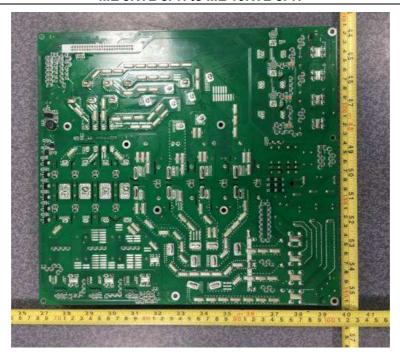




## Out put board - component side view ME 5KTL-3PH to ME 10KTL-3PH



Out put board - solder side view ME 5KTL-3PH to ME 10KTL-3PH



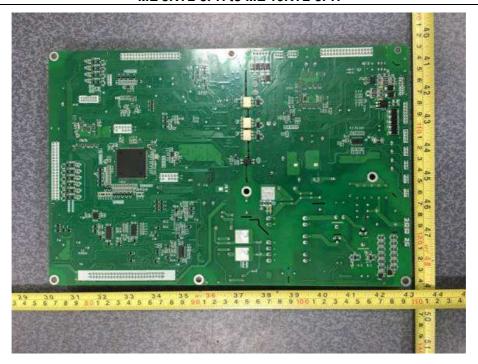




## Control board - component side view ME 5KTL-3PH to ME 10KTL-3PH



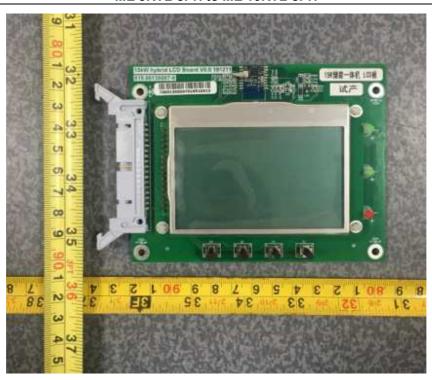
Control board - solder side view ME 5KTL-3PH to ME 10KTL-3PH



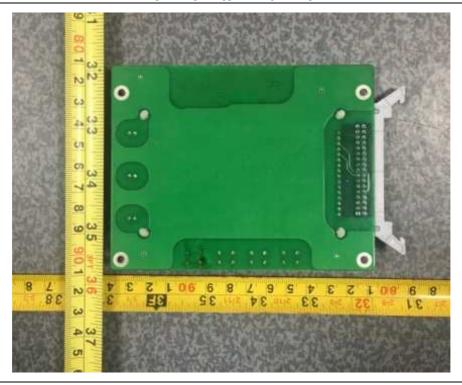




## Display board - component side view ME 5KTL-3PH to ME 10KTL-3PH

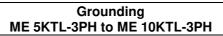


Display board - solder side view ME 5KTL-3PH to ME 10KTL-3PH















# Annex No. 2 Test Equipment list

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TRF No. G98/1 VER.2



Report No.: PVUK2102WDG0105

## Testing Location: Bureau Veritas Shenzhen Co., Ltd. Dongguan Branch Date(s) of performance test: 2021-02-20 to 2021-03-30

Equipment	Internal No,	Manufacturer	Туре	Serial No.	Next Calibration date
AC Source	A7040019DG	Chroma	61512	61512000439	Monitored by Power Analyzer
	A7040020DG	Chroma	61512	61512000438	
DC Simulation Power Supply	A7040016DG	Chroma	62150H- 1000S	62150EF00490	
	A7040017DG	Chroma	620028	620028EF00120	
RLC Load	A7150027DG	Qunling	ACLT-3803H	93VOO2869	
Eight Channel Digital Phosphor Oscilloscope	A4089017DG	YOKOGAWA	DL850	91N726247	Sep. 23, 2021
Power Analyzer	A4080002DG	YOKOGAWA	WT3000	91M210852	Jun. 16, 2021
Oscilloscope probe	A4089008DG	Tektronix	TPP1000	C008230	Aug. 10, 2021
	A4089010DG	Tektronix	TPP1000	C008228	Aug. 10, 2021
	A4089011DG	Tektronix	TPP1000	C008229	Aug. 10, 2021
Current transducer	A1060007DG	YOKOGAWA	CT200	1130700012	Sep. 02, 2021
	A1060008DG	YOKOGAWA	CT200	1130700017	Sep. 02, 2021
	A1060012DG	YOKOGAWA	CT200	1130700018	Sep. 02, 2021
Power Analyser	//	ZLG	PA5000H	C8202909082002110001	Mar. 04, 2022
Oscilloscope	//	Agilent	DS05014A	MY50070288	Jan. 04, 2022
	//	KEYSIGHT	DSOX3014T	MY59243036	Jan. 04, 2022
	//	Tektronix	MD03024	C055210	Jan. 04, 2022
Oscilloscope current probe	//	CYBERTEK	CP1000A	C181000922	Jan. 04, 2022
	//	FLUKE	IL000S	304134485	Jan. 04, 2022
	//	CYBERTEK	CP1000A	C181000929	Jan. 04, 2022
	//	CYBERTEK	CP1000A	C191000141	Jan. 04, 2022
Oscilloscope probe	//	SANHUA	SI-9110	152655	Jan. 04, 2022
	//	SANHUA	SI-9110	111134	Jan. 04, 2022
	//	SANHUA	SI-9110	111539	Jan. 04, 2022